

3.6.2 Division 6.2—Infectious Substances

OPERATOR VARIATIONS: AF-04, FX-09, LA-07, LH-12

3.6.2.1 Definitions

For the purposes of these Regulations:

3.6.2.1.1 Infectious substances are substances which are known or are reasonably expected to contain pathogens. Pathogens are defined as micro-organisms (including bacteria, viruses, rickettsiae, parasites, fungi) and other agents such as prions, which can cause disease in humans or animals.

Note: *Toxins from plant, animal or bacterial sources which do not contain any infectious substances or toxins that are not contained in substances which are infectious substances should be considered for classification in Division 6.1 and assigned to UN3172.*

3.6.2.1.2 Biological products are those products derived from living organisms which are manufactured and distributed in accordance with the requirements of appropriate national authorities, which may have special licensing requirements, and are used either for prevention, treatment, or diagnosis of disease in humans or animals, or for development, experimental or investigational purposes related thereto. They include, but are not limited to, finished or unfinished products such as vaccines.

3.6.2.1.3 Cultures are the result of a process by which pathogens are intentionally propagated. This definition does not include human or animal patient specimens as defined in 3.6.2.1.4.

3.6.2.1.4 Patient specimens are human or animal materials, collected directly from humans or animals, including, but not limited to, excreta, secreta, blood and its components, tissue and tissue fluid swabs, and body parts being transported for purposes such as research, diagnosis, investigational activities, disease treatment and prevention.

3.6.2.1.5 Medical or clinical wastes are wastes derived from the medical treatment of animals or humans or from bio-research.

3.6.2.2 Classification of Infectious Substances

3.6.2.2.1

Infectious substances must be classified in Division 6.2 and assigned to UN2814, UN2900, UN 3291 or UN3373, as appropriate.

3.6.2.2.2 Infectious substances are divided into the following categories.

3.6.2.2.2.1 Category A: An infectious substance which is transported in a form that, when exposure to it occurs, is capable of causing permanent disability, life-threatening or fatal disease in otherwise healthy humans or animals. Indicative examples of substances that meet these criteria are given in Table 3.6.D.

Note: *An exposure occurs when an infectious substance is released outside of the protective packaging, resulting in physical contact with humans or animals.*

- (a) Infectious substances meeting these criteria which cause disease in humans or both in humans and animals must be assigned to UN 2814. Infectious substances which cause disease only in animals must be assigned to UN 2900.
- (b) Assignment to UN 2814 or UN 2900 must be based on the known medical history and symptoms of the source human or animal, endemic local conditions, or professional judgement concerning individual circumstances of the source human or animal.

Notes:

1. The proper shipping name for UN 2814 is **Infectious substance, affecting humans**. The proper shipping name for UN 2900 is **Infectious substance, affecting animals** only.
2. The following table is not exhaustive. Infectious substances, including new or emerging pathogens, which do not appear in the table, but which meet the same criteria must be assigned to Category A. In addition, if there is doubt as to whether or not a substance meets the criteria it must be included in Category A.
3. In the following table, the micro-organisms written in italics are bacteria, mycoplasma, rickettsia or fungi.

Table 3.6.D
Indicative Examples of Infectious Substances Included in Category A in Any Form Unless Otherwise Indicated (3.6.2.2.1)

UN Number and Proper Shipping Name	Micro-organism
UN 2814	<i>Bacillus anthracis</i> (cultures only)
Infectious substance	<i>Brucella abortus</i> (cultures only)
affecting humans	<i>Brucella melitensis</i> (cultures only)
	<i>Brucella suis</i> (cultures only)
	<i>Burkholderia mallei</i> – <i>Pseudomonas mallei</i> – Glanders (cultures only)
	<i>Burkholderia pseudomallei</i> – <i>Pseudomonas pseudomallei</i> (cultures only)
	<i>Chlamydia psittaci</i> – avian strains (cultures only)
	<i>Clostridium botulinum</i> (cultures only)
	<i>Coccidioides immitis</i> (cultures only)
	<i>Coxiella burnetii</i> (cultures only)
	Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever virus
	Dengue virus (cultures only)
	Eastern equine encephalitis virus (cultures only)
	<i>Escherichia coli</i> , verotoxigenic (cultures only)
	Ebola virus
	Flexal virus
	<i>Francisella tularensis</i> (cultures only)
	Guanarito virus
	Hantaan virus
	Hantavirus causing hemorrhagic fever with renal syndrome
	Hendra virus
	Hepatitis B virus (cultures only)
	Herpes B virus (cultures only)
	Human immunodeficiency virus (cultures only)
	Highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (cultures only)
	Japanese Encephalitis virus (cultures only)
	Junin virus

UN Number and Proper Shipping Name	Micro-organism
	Kyasanur Forest disease virus
	Lassa virus
	Machupo virus
	Marburg virus
	Monkeypox virus
	<i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> (cultures only)
	Nipah virus
	Omsk hemorrhagic fever virus
	Poliovirus (cultures only)
	Rabies virus (cultures only)
	<i>Rickettsia prowazekii</i> (cultures only)
	<i>Rickettsia rickettsii</i> (cultures only)
	Rift Valley fever virus (cultures only)
	Russian spring-summer encephalitis virus (cultures only)
	Sabia virus
	<i>Shigella dysenteriae</i> type 1 (cultures only)
	Tick-borne encephalitis virus (cultures only)
	Variola virus
	Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus (cultures only)
	West Nile virus (cultures only)
	Yellow fever virus (cultures only)
	<i>Yersinia pestis</i> (cultures only)
UN 2900	African swine fever virus (cultures only)
Infectious substances	Avian paramyxovirus Type 1 – Velogenic Newcastle disease virus (cultures only)
affecting animals	Classical swine fever virus (cultures only)
	Foot and mouth disease virus (cultures only)
	Goatpox virus (cultures only)
	Lumpy skin disease virus (cultures only)
	<i>Mycoplasma mycoides</i> – Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia (cultures only)
	Peste des petits ruminants virus (cultures only)
	Rinderpest virus (cultures only)
	Sheep-pox virus (cultures only)
	Swine vesicular disease virus (cultures only)
	Vesicular stomatitis virus (cultures only)

3.6.2.2.2 Category B: An infectious substance which does not meet the criteria for inclusion in Category A. Infectious substances in Category B must be assigned to UN 3373.

*Note: The proper shipping name of UN 3373 is **Diagnostic specimens, Clinical specimens or Biological substance category B**. On 1 January 2007 it is anticipated that the use of the shipping names *Diagnostic specimens* and *Clinical specimens* will no longer be permitted.*

- ☛ **3.6.2.2.3** Substances which do not contain infectious substances and substances which have been treated so that the pathogens have been neutralized or deactivated so that they no longer pose a health risk are not subject to these Regulations unless they meet the criteria for inclusion in another class.

3.6.2.2.4 Dried blood spots, collected by applying a drop of blood onto absorbent material, or faecal occult blood screening tests and blood or blood components which have been collected for the purposes of transfusion or for the preparation of blood products to be used for transfusion or transplantation and any tissues or organs intended for use in transplantation are not subject to these Regulations.

- ☛ **3.6.2.2.5** Substances for which there is a low probability that infectious substances are present, or where the concentration is at a level naturally encountered, are not subject to these Regulations. Examples are: foodstuffs, water, soil or dust samples.

3.6.2.2.6 A live animal which has been intentionally infected and is known or suspected to contain an infectious substance must only be transported by air unless the infectious substance contained cannot be consigned by any other means. Infected animals may only be transported under terms and conditions approved by the appropriate national authority.

3.6.2.3 Biological Products

3.6.2.3.1 For the purposes of these Regulations, biological products are divided into the following groups:

- (a) those which are manufactured and packaged in accordance with the requirements of appropriate national authorities and transported for the purposes of final packaging or distribution, and use for personal health care by medical professionals or individuals. Substances in this group are not subject to these Regulations
- (b) those which do not fall under paragraph (a) and are known or reasonably believed to contain infectious substances and which meet the criteria for inclusion in Category A or Category B. Substances in this group must be assigned to UN2814, UN2900 or UN3373, as appropriate.

Note: Some licensed biological products may present a biohazard only in certain parts of the world. In that case, competent authorities may require these biological products to be in compliance with local requirements for infectious substances or may impose other restrictions.

3.6.2.4 Genetically Modified Micro-organisms and Organisms

3.2.6.2.4.1 Genetically modified micro-organisms not meeting the definition of an infectious substance must be classified according to Subsection 3.9.

3.6.2.5 Medical or Clinical Wastes

3.6.2.5.1 Medical or clinical wastes containing Category A infectious substances must be assigned to UN2814 or UN2900, as appropriate. Medical or clinical wastes containing infectious substances in Category B, must be assigned to UN3291.

3.6.2.5.2 Medical or clinical wastes which are reasonably believed to have a low probability of containing infectious substances must be assigned to UN3291.

*Note: The proper shipping name for UN3291 is **Clinical waste, unspecified, n.o.s. or (Bio) Medical waste, n.o.s. or Regulated medical waste, n.o.s.***

3.6.2.5.3 Decontaminated medical or clinical wastes which previously contained infectious substances are not subject to these Regulations unless they meet the criteria for inclusion in another class.

