



Monday, 23 October (afternoon)

Open all day Registration

Opening Remarks Welcome and opening Remarks

1400-1415 Ligia Fonseca, Head of Tax Policy, IATA

Antoine Rozanoff, Tax Director Air France, and Chairman of the ITWG

Themed Breakout Round tables | Discussions (Chatham House Rule)

Session Table 1 Green Taxes – Rapporteur: Antoine Rozanoff, Air France

Table 2 Tourism Taxes – Rapporteur: **Amanda Higginson**, Qantas Airways

Table 3 Corporate Income Taxes - Rapporteur: Ayse Berk,

Turkish Airlines

Table 4 VAT/GST and Ticket Taxes - Rapporteur: Archana Naik, Emirates

Table 5 (e-)invoicing - Rapporteur: Yvan Lagasse, WestJet

1515-1600 NETWORKING BREAK

1600-1630 Round tables | Conclusions by Rapporteurs (Chatham House Rule)

Global Tax Radar Keynote | The impact of Fiscal Policies in the global economy (tbc)

1630-1655 John Peterson, Head of Division, Centre for Tax Policy and Administration,

OECD

IATA Strategic Partner Keynote | The Two-Pillars solution - The US perspective

1655-1715 Brian Vincent, Principal Transfer Pricing, Ryan

Global Tax Radar Interview | Taxes and Sustainability

1715-1735 Thomas Michels, Director Government Affairs, United Airlines

Interviewed by Alejandro Restrepo Marino, Manager External Affairs &

Sustainability, IATA

Closing Remarks Day 1 Closing Remarks Day 1

1735-1745 Gemma Giner, Senior Manager Tax Policy, IATA





Tuesday, 24 October (morning)

Opening Remarks 0900-0915 Welcome and Opening Remarks Day 2 Ligia Fonseca, Head of Tax Policy, IATA

Conrad Clifford, Deputy Director General and Corporate Secretary, IATA **Pascal Saint-Amans**, former Director Centre for Tax Policy and Administration,

OECD

Global Tax Radar

Keynote | GloBE rules' impact on the aviation Industry

Kinga Romanovska, Research Associate Tax Policy Center, Lausanne University

Regional Tax Radar

0940-1000

0915-0940

Keynote | Pillar 2 - The Perspective of Switzerland

Fabian Baumer, Head of Tax Policy, Federal Tax Administration of Switzerland

IATA Strategic Partner

1000-1020

Keynote | Compliance and Reporting Challenges under the Two-Pillar rules

Tax Policy Strategic Partner

1020-1050

NETWORKING BREAK

Global Tax Radar

1050-1140

Panel Discussion | Global Minimum Tax (Pillar Two) - Permanent

Establishments and profit allocation issues in international air transport

John Peterson, Head of Division, OECD's Centre for Tax Policy and

Administration

Fabian Baumer, Head of Tax Policy, Federal Tax Administration of Switzerland

Nathalie Rodier, VP Taxes, Air Canada

Pei Qi Kwek, Transfer Pricing Manager, Singapore Airlines

Airline TBC

Moderator: Kinga Romanovska, Research Associate Tax Policy Center,

Lausanne University

Global Tax Radar

1140-1155

Keynote | Tax reporting and compliance challenges in the era of digitalization

Giammarco Cottani, Head of Tax Agoda (Booking.com group), and former

Director Tax Policy Netflix

IATA Strategic Partner

1155-1115

Kevnote I TBC

Speaker name, Tax Policy Strategic Partner

1215-1400 NETWORKING LUNCH





Tuesday, 24 October (afternoon)

1215-1400 **NETWORKING LUNCH**

Regional Breakout

Session 1400-1455 Breakout session | Regional threats and opportunities - Discussion Table 1 Africa & Middle East – Rapporteur: Zineb Douiri, Royal Air Maroc

Table 2 Americas - Rapporteur: Irene Louth, Atlas Air Table 3 Asia – Rapporteur: Cherries Kwok, Cathay Pacific

Table 4 Europe – Rapporteur: tbc

Panel Discussion | India - Challenges in the post-GST implementation

Regional Tax Radar

1455-1520

Anshul Jain, United Airlines

Richa Khandelwal, Qatar Airways

Paul McConville, Etihad Sandeep Rai, British Airways

Moderator: Gemma Giner, Senior Manager Tax Policy, IATA

Regional Breakout

Session 1520-1540 Breakout session - Conclusions

Rapporteurs

1540-1600 **NETWORKING BREAK**

Global Tax Radar

1600-1630

Panel Discussion | Sustainability & Regulation: Exploring Global Trends Haldane Dodd, Executive Director, Air Transport Action Group (ATAG) Andrew Matters, Director Policy Economics and Sustainability, IATA

Thomas Michels, Director Government Affairs, United Airlines

Airline CFO, TBC

Moderator: Ligia Fonseca, Head of Tax Policy, IATA

Global Tax Radar

1630-1645

Keynote | The Past, Present and Future of TTBS

Matthew McKinley, Assistant Director Aviation - Taxes, Fees & Charges

Panel Discussion | The Latin America & Caribbean fiscal initiatives: impacts on

Solutions, IATA

Regional Breakout

Session

aviation

1645-1710 Jose Madariaga, Tax Director, LATAM

Claudia Bernal, Manager Tax Planning and Risk Management, Avianca

Moderator: Alejandro Restrepo Marino, Manager External Affairs &

Sustainability, IATA

Closing remarks

1710-1725

Wrap up & Closing remarks

Gemma Giner, Senior Manager Tax Policy, IATA

Welcome Reception

1800-2000

World Financial Symposium / World Passenger Symposium

Welcome Reception

(Open to all Industry Taxation Meeting attendees and speakers)



IATA INDUSTRY TAXATION MEETING

AGENDA SUMMARY

Global Outlook

Air transport is an economic multiplier — delivering value to societies, and the transport and tourism ecosystem — which actively contributes to the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. Effective tax policies that reflect the globally agreed best practices can help aviation maximize its economic and social contributions.

Any fiscal policies on aviation must be in line with principles enshrined in the Chicago Convention and the best practices by the UN's International Civil Aviation Organization, However, governments around the world exhibit varying degrees of understanding of these principles and impose taxes that suppress growth - with a wider effect on jobs, investment, and overall economic output. The economic risks of reduced connectivity often outweigh the short-term financial gains of any tax.

The international panorama continues to reveal complexities and a political appetite for taxing aviation, without clear objectives stemming from those fiscal policies. IATA and its members strive to be a positive partner with governments, and to work for smarter regulation, taxation regimes and policies — ensuring that aviation pays its fair share of taxes, while enabling greater connectivity that strengthens economies and, in turn, government revenues.

Global Tax Radar

oecd beps: The G20/OECD project to create a global minimum corporate income tax was primarily targeted at technology industries and other transnational businesses, not at airlines. Nevertheless, it brings an array of challenges, including data collection and other financial and administrative costs to our industry. IATA is working with the OECD to ensure that this project arrives at a fair outcome for airlines.

UN Model Convention Article 8:

The proposed review of Article 8 would expose international airlines to further tax obligations, including the collection, calculation, and reporting of financial data for each jurisdiction where they have economic activity. IATA opposes this revision on several grounds — including the existing ICAO taxation policies — and will continue to strongly advocate against it.

Green taxes: Some governments and political blocks (like the EU), are looking to introduce so-called green taxes, often passenger taxes, that do nothing for the environment. If a government is looking to raise money from aviation under an environmental pretext, then it must reinvest the revenues in projects to directly cut emissions from aviation. For example, it could reduce the cost differential between sustainable aviation fuel and fossil jet fuel or invest in infrastructure modernization.

Regional Focus

EU Green Deal: The European Commission package includes measures like introducing, and gradually increasing, a jet fuel tax over a period of 10 years. European governments seem to ignore that they must honor their obligations under the Chicago Convention, which exempts jet fuel for international flights from taxation. Proposals like this, that lack environmental benefit, and undermines the freedom of movement within the EU, hamper aviation and therefore IATA will continue to campaign against it.

Latin American and Caribbean Initiative towards an inclusive. sustainable, and equitable global taxation: This new regional tax cooperation platform started the discussions on some of the most pressing tax issues. Aviation taxation is part of the priority areas aimed at giving the international tax system the stability and flexibility to cope with the rapidly changing business environment. IATA is advocating to keep CORSIA as the appropriate UN global scheme to reduce and offset international aviation carbon emissions and opposing to the creation of an emissions tax in this region.

India: The industry is still facing various issues pertaining to the post-GST implementation. An update to the developments and challenges on this important aviation market will be provided by the IATA team and local stakeholders.

IATA INDUSTRY TAXATION MEETING

MEETING HIGHLIGHTS

Objective: In this years' edition, IATA and its member airlines and partners will provide an update on the many recent industry taxation challenges faced worldwide, including presentations and interactive group discussions. IATA aims at providing global, regional and national examples of the taxation challenges faced by airlines around the globe. Attendees will discuss tax policies that affect aviation, identify current and future challenges, and propose action by taking part in this year's discussions. You can make a significant contribution to IATA's 2024 work program to ease the global tax burden and achieve real results for the industry.

Speakers: the 2023 IATA Industry Taxation Meeting will include tax experts from the airlines, IATA Strategic Partners, and other tax professionals from aviation and other sectors.

Attendees: Attendance to the 2023 IATA Industry Taxation Meeting is only possible by invitation and is mainly addressed to our member airlines' Taxation Teams. Considering the high political relevance of the topics in discussion, Government / External Affairs from our member airlines may also attend, contacting us (taxation@iata.org) to receive a personalized invitation.

Cost: Attendance to the 2023 IATA Industry Taxation Meeting is free, and by invitation only. Attendees are responsible for all costs related with travel and accommodation.

Chicago: From the iconic Magnificent Mile to the scenic lakefront, Chicago is a destination that will impress any traveler. The Windy City is known for its architecture and skyline, including the Willis Tower, where United Airlines is headquartered. The third largest city in the US is also famous for its world-renowned museums and delicious food. There is always something new to discover, from Michelin-star restaurants to countless events. Home to two international airports, it is accessible to more than 240 destinations, so getting there is easy – leaving is a little more difficult.

McCormick Place: The McCormick Place is the premier convention facility in North America. Located on Chicago's lakefront, just minutes from downtown and facing one of the most iconic skylines in the world, the McCormick Place campus provides world-class facilities that can accommodate just about any requests.

BENEFITS OF ATTENDING

- Gain valuable insight on the latest aviation taxation developments
- Networking with other airline and government affairs colleagues, tax policy professionals and aviation taxation consultants
- · Contribute to effective advocacy campaigns
- Liaise with IATA and members of its Industry Taxation Working Group on key issues and priorities for your company
- Discussion with industry experts on tax compliance and tax risk managements
- Upskilling knowledge towards optimal tax department performance

REGISTER NOW

- IATA member airlines: register here.
 (All registrations are subject to validation)
- Non-member airlines and other stakeholders: contact us at taxation@iata.org

PASSPORT, VISA & HEALTH

Find information on passport, visa & health requirements through the <u>IATA Travel Centre</u>.

