



Aviation Data Symposium

15–16 November 2017
Miami, USA



Safety and Operations

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Deloitte.





Opening Remarks & Objectives

Aviation Data Symposium 2017



Deloitte



The Benefits and Challenges of Global Information Sharing and Exchange Networks

Moderator

- ↗ Olena Vasylchenko, Head, Centers of Excellence ITS, IATA

Panelists

- ↗ Al Madar, Managing Director, Operation Safety, American Airlines
- ↗ Rodolfo Quevedo , Director, Safety, IATA





Partnership for Safety

Al Madar

Managing Director, Operation Safety
American Airlines





Partnership for Safety

COMMERCIAL AVIATION SAFETY TEAM (CAST)

AVIATION SAFETY ANALYSIS AND SHARING (ASIAS)



Safety Life Cycle





CAST Goal

- ▶ CAST came together in 1997 to form an unprecedented Industry-Government partnership...
 - ▶ Voluntary commitments, Consensus decision-making, Data-driven risk management, Implementation-focused.
 - ▶ Goal:



Original *Reduce the US commercial aviation fatal accident rate by 2007.*

83%

New

Reduce the U.S. commercial aviation fatality risk by at least 50 percent from 2010 to 2025.



Predicted vs. Actual Part 121 Onboard Fatalities





A history of continuous improvement

- ▶ From 1997 to 2007, CAST leveraged accident data
- ▶ With so few accidents and no “common causes,” we needed more data points in order to move from a reactive to a predictive approach.
- ▶ Led to the establishment of ASIAS in 2007

What is ASIAS?

- A *collaborative* Government-Industry initiative on *safety data analysis & sharing*
- A *risk-based* approach to aviation safety, *identifying & understanding risks before accidents or incidents occur*
- *Timely mitigation & prevention*



ASIAS Is Governed by Formal Principles

Data used solely for advancement of safety

Voluntary submission of safety-sensitive data

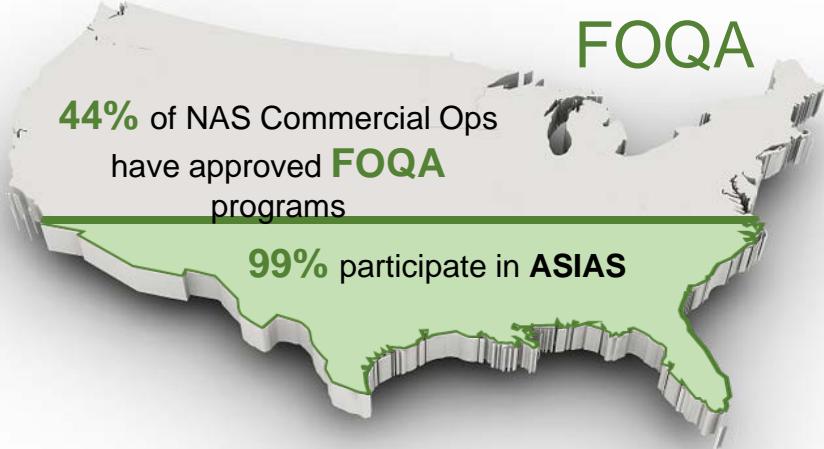
Carrier/OEM/MRO data are de-identified

Transparency – knowledge of how data are used

Procedures & policies established through collaborative governance

Analyses approved by an ASIAS Executive Board

ASIAS Participation: FOQA & ASAP



FOQA Records in ASIAS
(3 years of data)

16.1 M Commercial
+ 35 K General Aviation



ASAP Records in ASIAS
(3 years of data)

188 K Commercial
+ 18 K General Aviation





CAST / ASIAS Safety Studies

Takeoff Misconfiguration

Runway Excursions (RE)

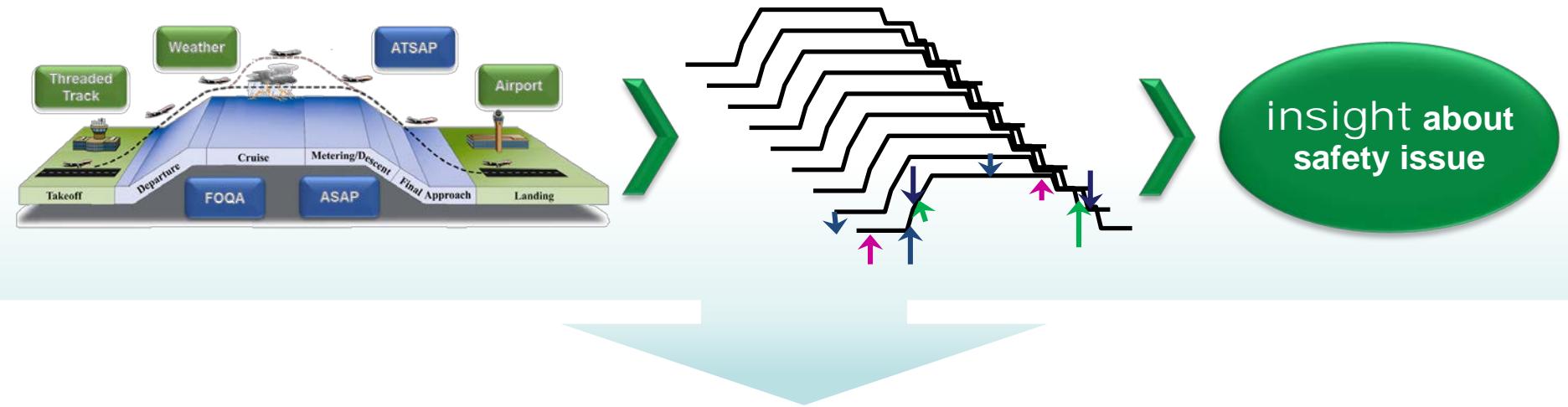
RNAV Departures and STAR Operations

Airplane State Awareness (ASA)

Traffic Collision Avoidance System (TCAS)

Terrain Awareness Warning System (TAWS)

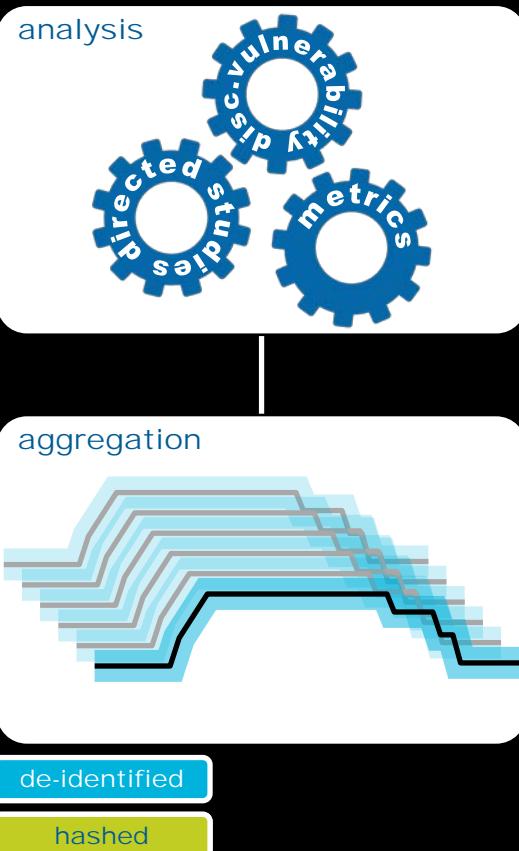
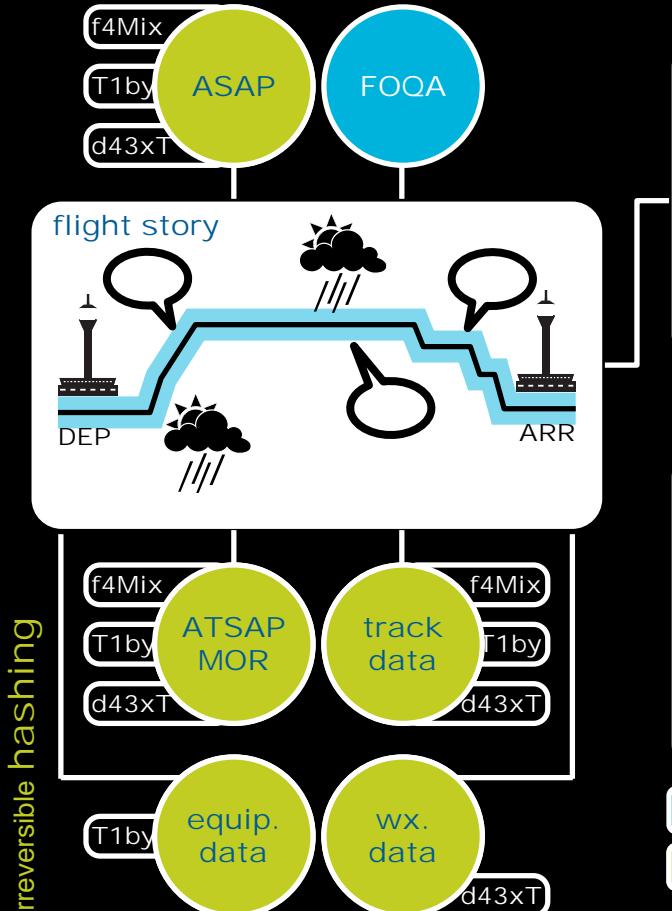
2017 and beyond--Fusion is the next step in continuous improvement of the CAST / ASIAS process



numerous data sources = greater insight into the safety issue
deeper understanding of underlying contributing factors
better informed = develop more effective mitigations



rigorous identity protections are applied



irreversible de-identification of data conducted within 24 hours

all processing & analysis conducted in secure environment per ASIAS governance

results de-identified & aggregated per ASIAS governance



fusion provides enhanced insight - runway excursion example

FLIGHT PARAMETERS FROM FOQA

	runway remaining @ 50 knots	thrust reverser deployed	touchdown point groundspeed	approach centerline capture
EXAMPLE FLIGHT	251'	+4 seconds	53% of runway 163 knots	1.5 NM from threshold
AVERAGE	2400'	+3 seconds	23% of runway 143 knots	2.7 NM from threshold



"I did not sense a significant braking action taking place"

"We touched down beyond the landing area"

"by 500 ft AGL I believe I was stabilized on speed, on glideslope and on course"

WEATHER INFORMATION FROM ASOS

ASOS report offset	headwind (knots)	crosswind (knots)	wind gust (knots)	precip. within 1 hour (in)	visibility (Mi)	ceiling (ft)	sigweathe r
2	-6.6	-14.6	24	0.04	7	9500	-RA ₁₇





Summary CAST / ASIAS



- ▶ Success is the result of 20 years of an unprecedented Government / Industry partnership
- ▶ Leverage “big data” to reduce risk within the National Airspace System
- ▶ Drive future safety improvements through further data enhancements/analysis and even greater collaboration/trust



IATA Safety Information Exchange Program

Rodolfo Quevedo
Director, Safety
IATA





IATA Safety Information Exchange Program

Supported by IATA Safety/GADM



IATA Safety Data Programs

↗ Goal

- To support a proactive data-driven approach leading to the identification, analysis and mitigation of aviation risks



GADM Portfolio

<p>Flight Data Analysis Service</p> <p>The logo for Flight Data Connect, consisting of the words "flight data" in small blue letters above the word "connect" in a larger, stylized blue font with green dots.</p> <p>Individualized Airline Service</p>	<p>Accident</p> <p>Database of commercial aviation accidents</p> <p>Data used to create the IATA Safety Report</p>	<p>FDX</p> <p>Database of FDA and FOQA type events</p>	<p>GDDB</p> <p>Database of ground damage incident reports</p>	<p>STEADES</p> <p>Database of airline incident reports</p>
<p>Global Data Exchange Programs</p>				
<p>Audit Data</p> <p>Database of audit findings from IOSA and ISAGO audits</p>				

How has GADM been used?

Support to National and International Safety Teams

↗ CAST

- ASIAS data sharing program
- MoU since 2013
- Share the INFORMATION not DATA
- Alignment of metrics

↗ ICAO

- Regional Aviation Safety Groups

↗ BAST

- Brazilian Aviation Safety Team
- Data provided for quarterly meetings

Challenges

- ↗ Data collection – harmonization across global community
- ↗ Data de-identification vs information analysis and sharing
- ↗ Safety information protection – application of governance protocols to avoid misuse
- ↗ Industry concerns regarding the scope and use of Safety Information
 - Mandatory versus Voluntary
 - Use of highly sensitive data
 - Safety versus Compliance

Safety Information Exchange Program

- ↗ States must manage the safety performance of its aviation system
 - Requires safety management inputs by both the State and Service Providers
- ↗ States have recognized the value of using this aggregated, de-identified Operator information to support State safety activities
 - All safety data and safety information deemed relevant by a State is in scope for a IATA Safety Information Exchange Program

IATA Program

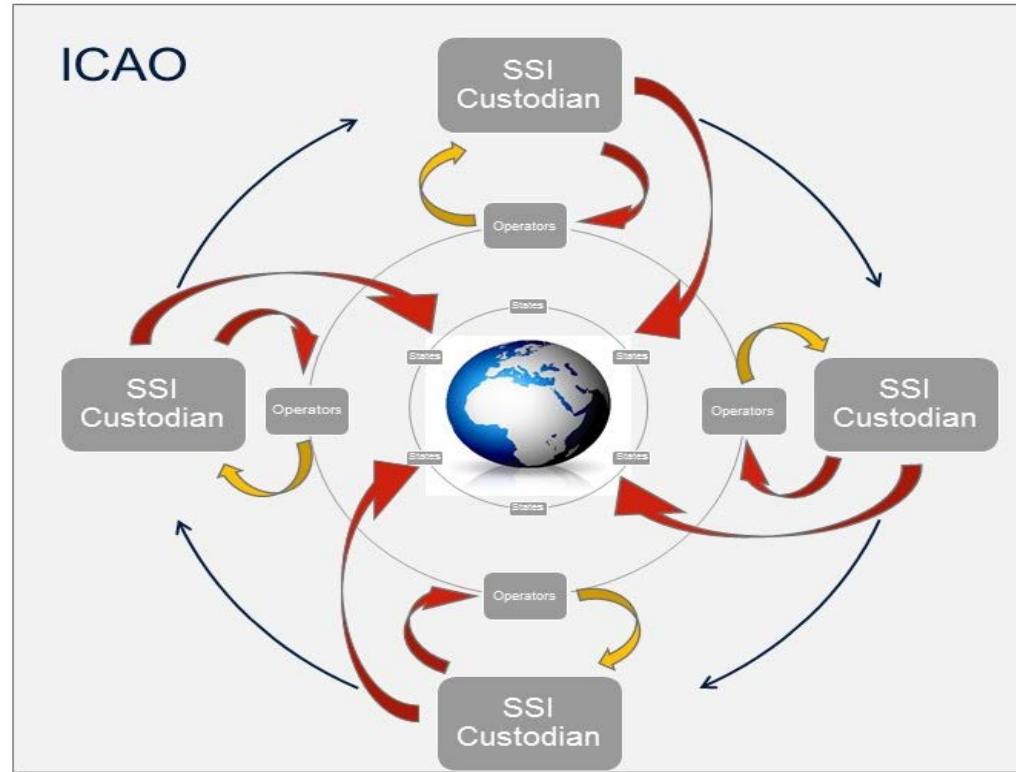
- ↗ Industry / State collaboration to develop Safety Information Exchange and analysis
 - ICAO Assembly A39-WP/117
- ↗ Models would:
 - Meet the needs of an SSP to manage safety at the State level
 - Address Industry concerns
 - Adhere to Annex 19 protection principles
 - Streamline global safety-sharing channels for and harmonize metrics

Collaborative Approach to Safety Management

↗ IATA Safety Information Exchange Program

- Enables States access to de-identified aggregate Safety information collected by IATA
- Supports both State and Regional Safety Oversight Organization (RSOOs) Safety Management activities
- Also supports the ICAO Global Aviation Safety Plan (GASP) objectives and the work of the Regional Aviation Safety Groups (RASGs)

Safety Information Exchange Model



Collaborative Approach to Safety Management

↗ Establishment of a “Collaborative Safety Team”

- Mechanism for safety information sharing and exchange to identify top safety risks, and develop mitigation strategies to improve the safety performance of the respective State aviation system
- Team includes representation from the State and aviation system Service Providers
- Team establishes the protocols for the Safety Information Exchange (SIE)
- Frequency of the meeting based on the need and desire of the State and participating Service Providers

Collaborative Approach to Safety Management

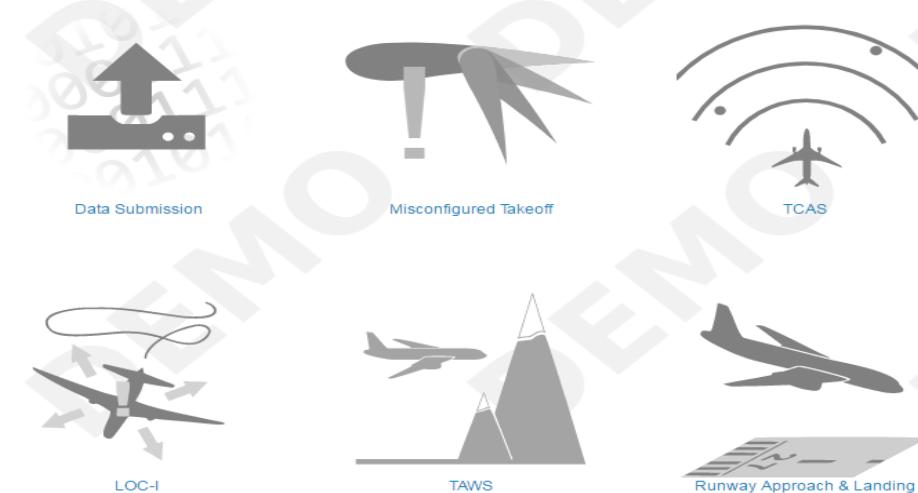
↗ IATA as Custodian

- Assures the protections of the safety data and safety information from Operators are applied consistently and in accordance with A19 provisions and the respective program governance
- Integrates the various safety data sources
- Provides de-identified aggregate information to the respective State or RSOO

Overview

The FDX analysis pages enable querying of event occurrences through a much larger data set than that of your own. Contributors' data is processed using a single platform into a single database to ensure consistency of analysis. FDX members benefit from free access to this innovative tool to identify systemic issues and benchmarking. Data is always de-identified and updated on a regular basis. Users can drill down several layers of data from flights to event categories, regions and airports.

For more information on how to participate, access the [GADM Site](#).



Reminder: Access to IATA FDX is limited to users authorized by IATA under specific individual license and FDX member agreements. Users are not authorized to re-distribute FDX information in any form without prior written consent from IATA. In the event of wrongful disclosure IATA reserves all its rights including (but not limited to) termination of the present access.

Latest update

- 2017-03-30: Updates and improvements.
- 2017-03-16: Initial release.

Definitions

- Rule of Three
- Event Rates
- IATA Region of Operator
- Flight Date

Runway Approach & Landing

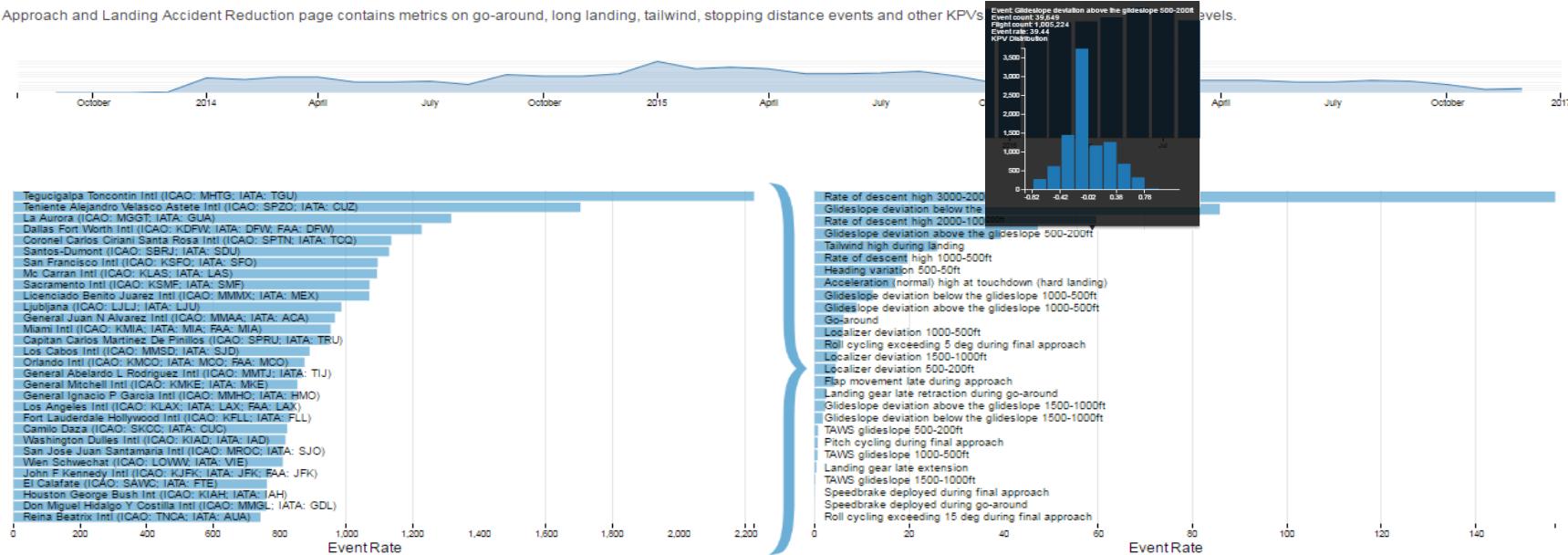
The Approach and Landing Accident Reduction page contains metrics on go-around, long landing, tailwind, stopping distance events and other KPVs. Currently displaying all event levels.



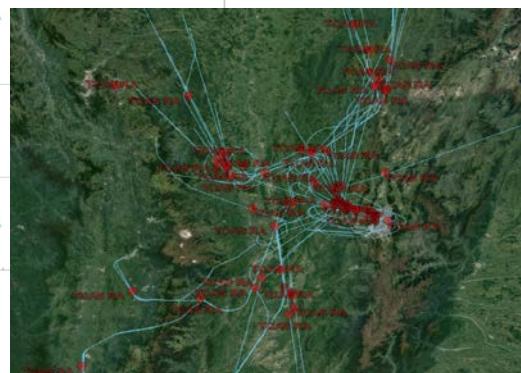
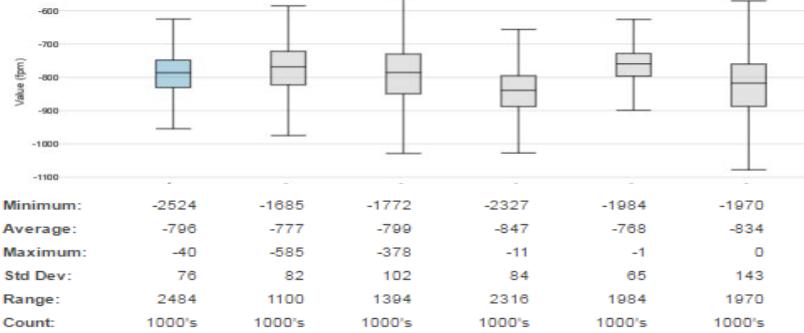
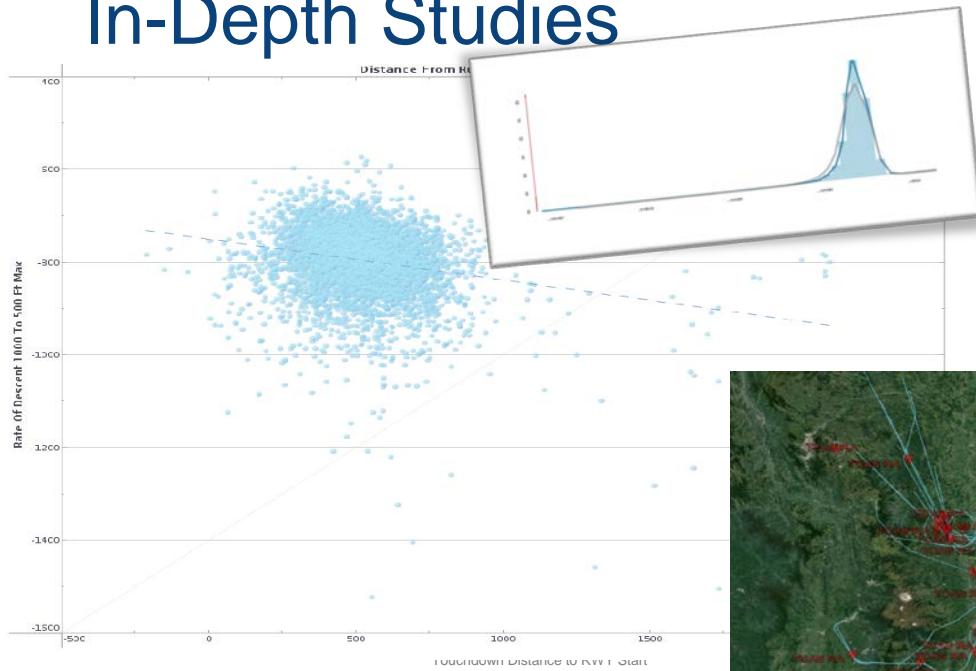


Runway Approach & Landing

The Approach and Landing Accident Reduction page contains metrics on go-around, long landing, tailwind, stopping distance events and other KPIs



In-Depth Studies





COLLABORATION

That's why it's important



Information Sharing and Exchange Networks - A Participants View

Pablo Hernández-Coronado Quintero

Director of Safety Analysis & QM, Spanish
Aviation Safety and Security Agency
(AESA)





GOBIERNO
DE ESPAÑA

MINISTERIO
DE FOMENTO



case study

Pablo Hernández-Coronado Quintero
Director of Safety Analysis and Quality Management

AESA



- SSP
- RIMAS
- Participation on Data4Safety
- SafeClouds



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DE ESPAÑA

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DE FOMENTO



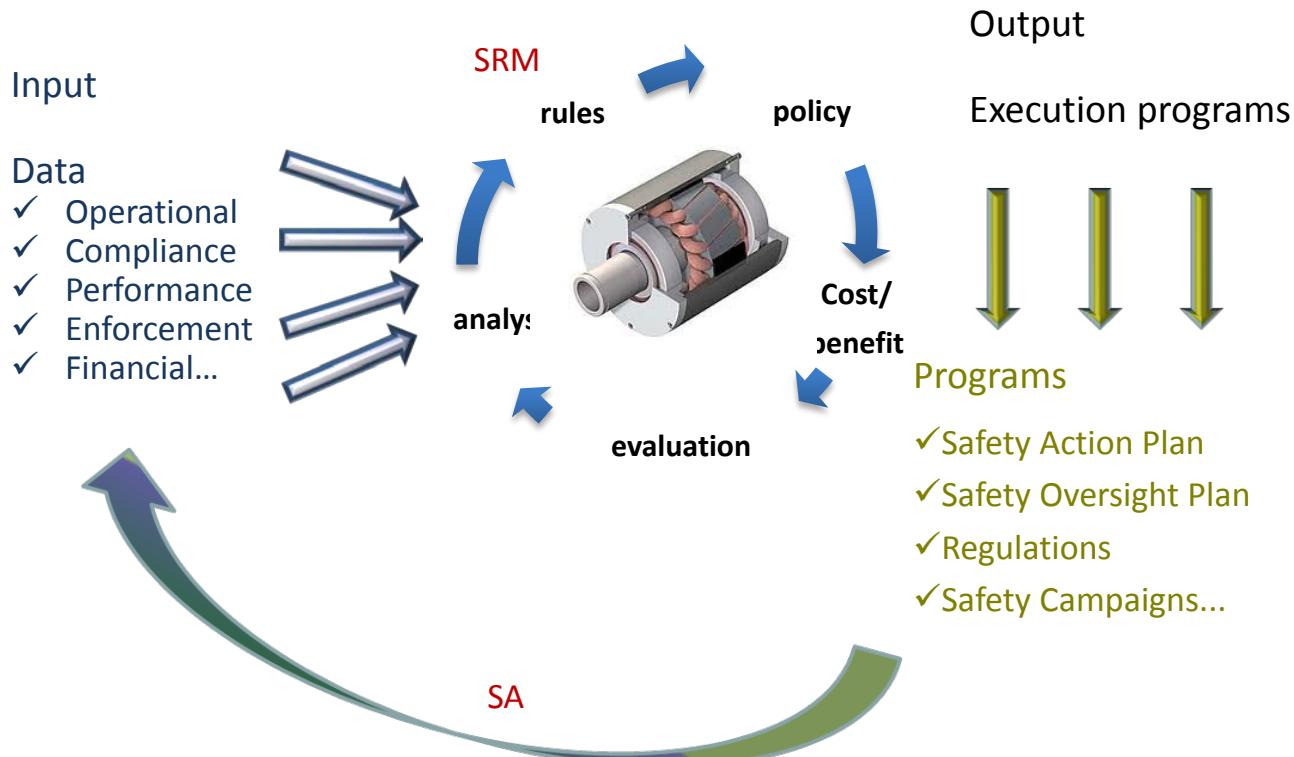
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MINISTERIO
DE FOMENTO

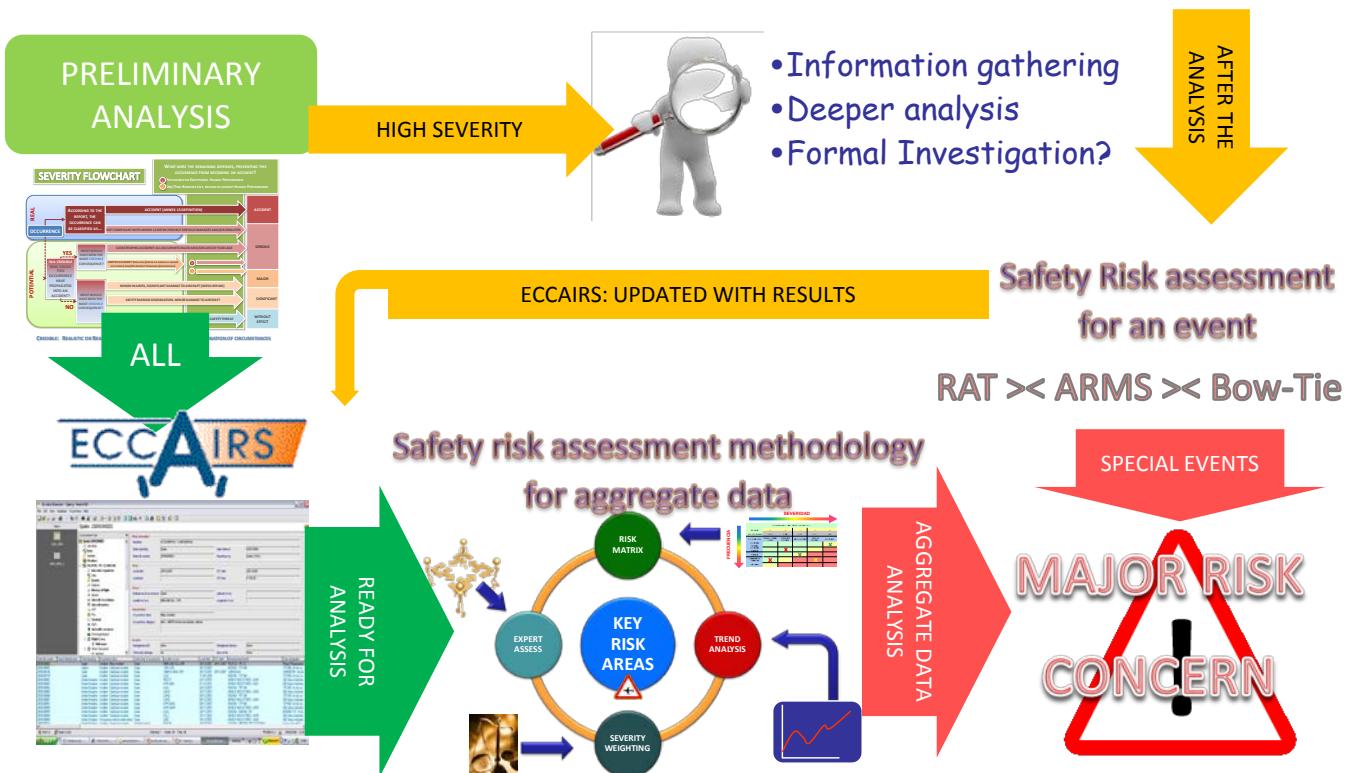


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STATE SAFETY PROGRAMME



OCCURRENCE REPORTING



SAFETY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS



Parameters
to monitor
SMS safety
performance

Agreed
with
service
providers

Although,...
mandatory
by Law
1/2011 of
4th March
2011

Monthly
provided via
Internet
secure access
(login &
password
required)

And,...
service
providers
take
advantage
of AESA's
safety data

CAT OPERATORS' SPIs

Exposure Data

- Flight hours per air fleet & month
- Nº of take-offs per air fleet & month
- Daily use per air fleet (flight hours)

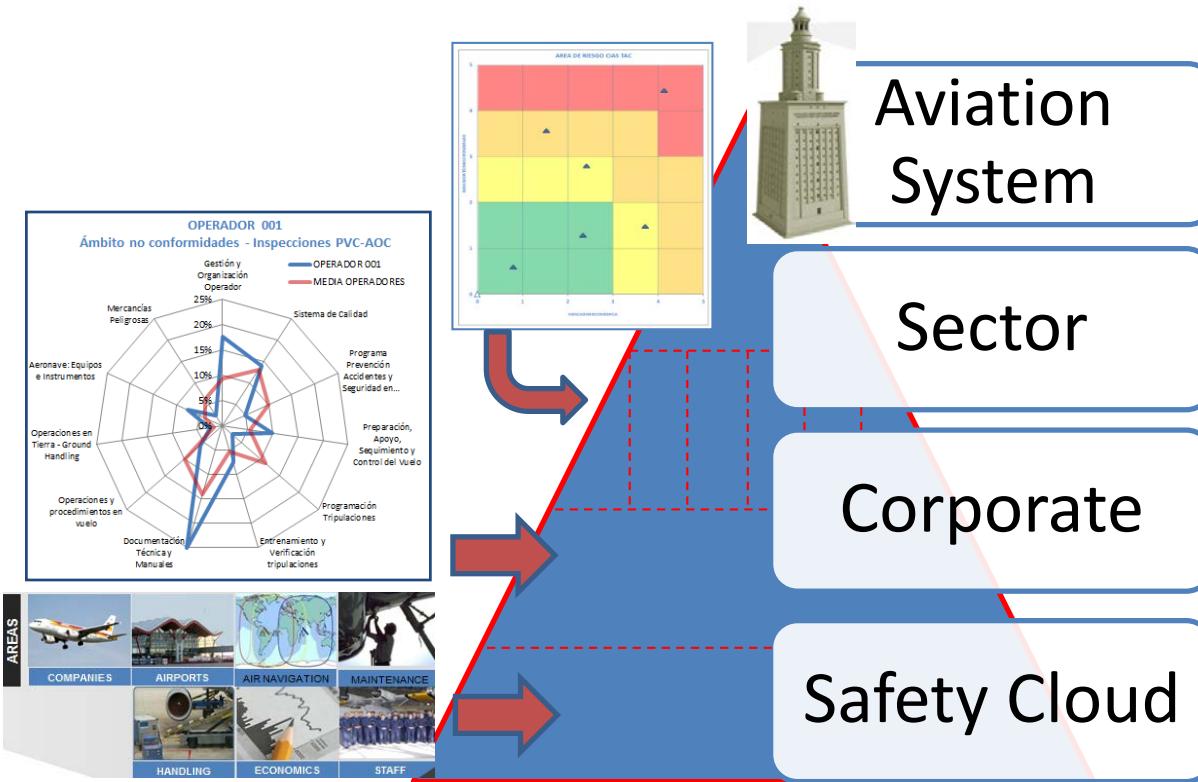
Maintenance Data

- PIREPs per 100 TOs
- Deferred Maintenance Items per month & aircraft
- In Flight Shut Downs (IFSD) per 1000 engine operating hours
- IFTB (In-Flight Turn Back) & Diversions due to Technical Reasons per 100 TOs
- Delays or Cancelled flights due to Technical Reasons per 100 TOs
- Rejected take offs due to Technical Reasons per 100 TOs

Operational Data

- Unstable approaches per every 100 reviewed flights
- GPWS & EGPWS warnings per 100 TOs
- Missed approaches or “GO-AROUNDS” per 100 TOs
- Technical crew duty period exceeded per month

SAFETY RISK ANALYSIS



RISK BASED OVERSIGHT

□ SAFETY INFORMATION AND DATA SOURCES

Risk
Exposure

- Category A and B operators
- ANSPs and industry: i.e. No. of operations, flight hours, passengers
- Registered air fleet

Compliance

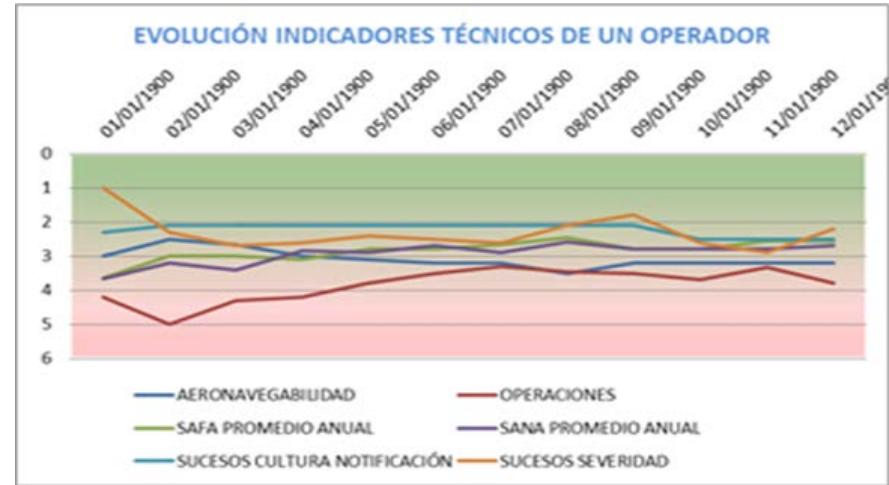
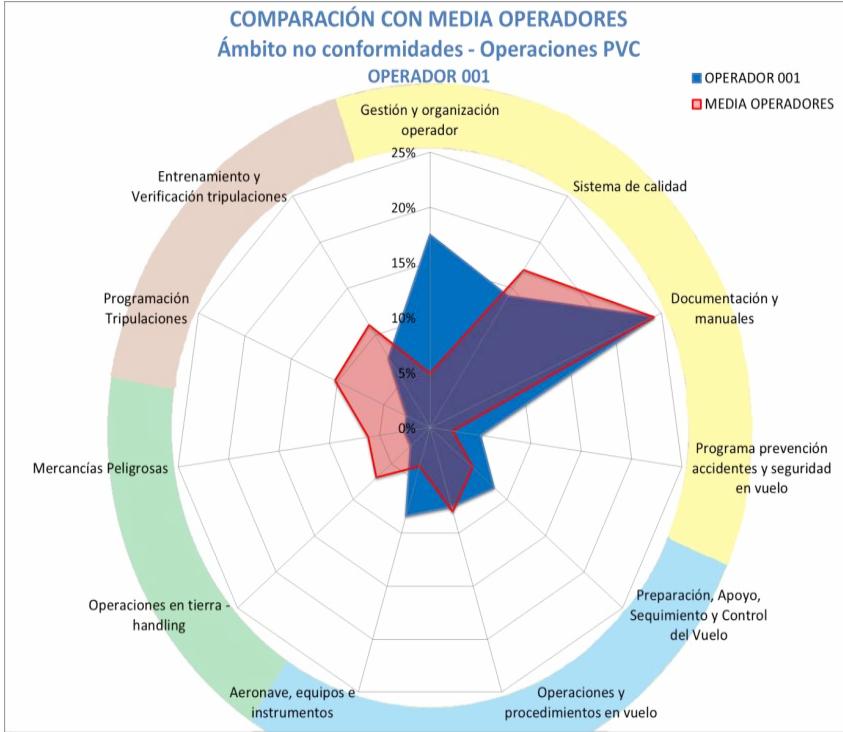
- AESA's safety oversight findings: OPS, AIW
- SAFA & SANA reports: ramp inspections
- Enforcement procedures (qualitative analysis)
- Pax. claims (qualitative analysis)

Performance

- Occurrence Reporting System; MOR & VOR
- Financial information
- SPIs
- SMS

RISK BASED OVERSIGHT

CORPORATE LEVEL: SAFETY DNA



RISK BASED OVERSIGHT

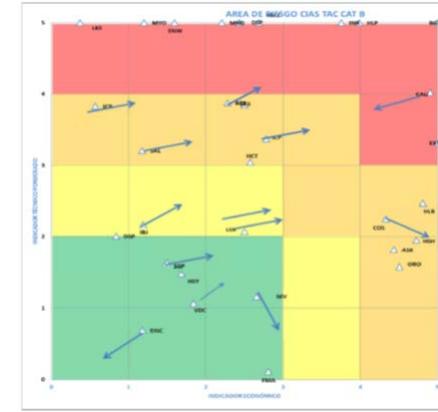
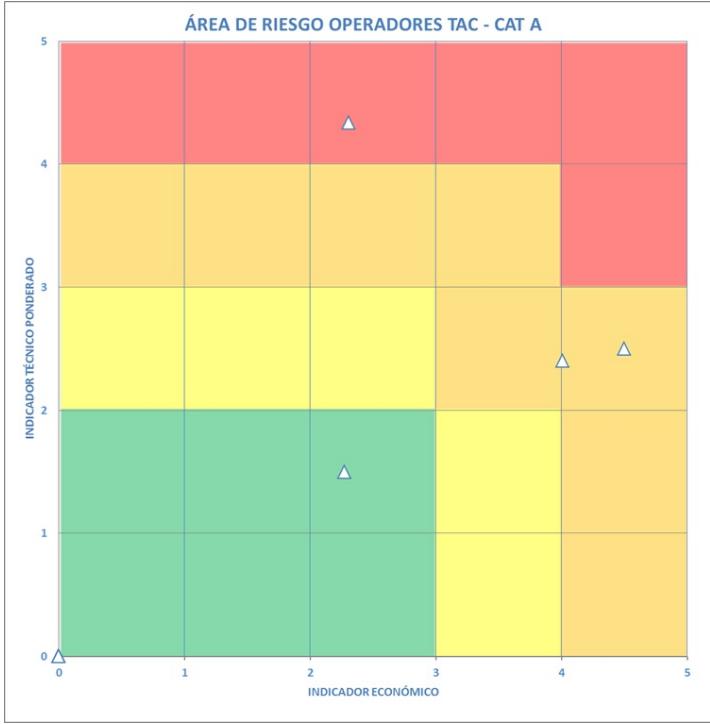
Financial Indicators

FECHA: JUNIO 2014			CRÉDITO FINANCIERO										(10 = máximo Riesgo; 0 = Minimo Riesgo)				
RANK RIESGO	RANK ANT.	GRUP. (1-5)	Compañía	COD.	LÍQUID. (-10)	DEUDA C/P (-10)	DEUDA L/P (-10)	DESCAP. (-10)	RECAUD. (-10)	TEND. TRIM. Ind. 100	TEND. ANUAL Ind. 100	COMP. SECT. (pts.)	ÍNDICE 150 AUST.	ÍNDICE 100	ÍNDICE 100 (Trim N-1)	ÍNDICE 100 (Año N-1)	ÍNDICE TOP-10 (-5)
1	5	5			10	5	6	3	8	-20	2	-13	113	6	43	65	5,0000
2	4	5			10	3	8	3	8	-22	18	-18	109	6	47	59	5,0000
3	13	5			5	4	6	0	10	18	18	109	6	53	76	5,0000	
4	1	5			0	4	5	0	10	21	21	109	6	71	73	5,0000	
5	10	5			5	5	6	0	10	13	13	109	9	66	66	5,0000	
6	8	5			10	5	0	0	10	-18	-32	106	5	31	5,0000		
7	19	5			9	10	0	0	10	-52	3	6	6	71	4,9143		
8	6	5			10	5	0	0	10	-6	-30	97	57	51	65	4,8745	
9	7	5			9	10	0	0	10	-30	-30	96	56	26	47	4,7800	
10	12	4			3	9	4	0	10	-7	-7	76	51	44	47	3,7997	
11	11	4			1	4	7	0	10	-40	-9	68	43	3	33	3,3829	
12	18	4			8	7	4	7	3	-12	-6	67	52	40	47	3,3635	
13	16	4			9	9	4	3	8	-24	2	67	67	43	69	3,3512	
14	9	4			5	5	4	0	10	4	-3	61	51	55	48	3,0312	
15	3	3			6	0	10	0	10	19	-2	59	49	68	47	2,9600	
16	14	3			6	4	3	0	5	1	4	59	39	40	43	2,9477	
17	22	3			0	0	7	0	10	-30	0	48	33	4	33	2,4115	
18	15	3			3	9	8	3	0	4	28	13	48	38	42	2,3989	
19	17	3			3	10	0	0	5	-5	3	41	41	37	44	2,0726	
20	21	2			0	2	6	0	3	-8	2	32	17	9	18	1,5908	
21	20	2			0	3	6	0	0	13	-9	32	28	18	31	1,4000	
22	2	2			0	3	6	0	0	53	61	43	27	7	60	68	1,3500
Media del Sector					6	6	5	2	7	9	-10	76	50	42	52	3,7943	

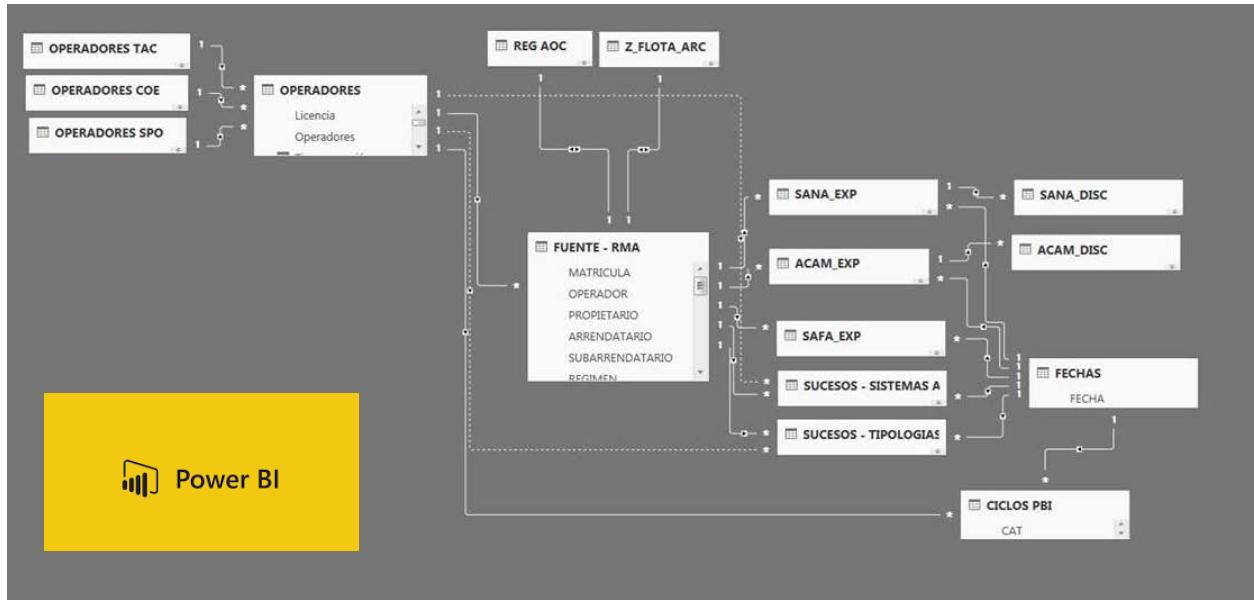


RISK BASED OVERSIGHT

□ SECTOR LEVEL



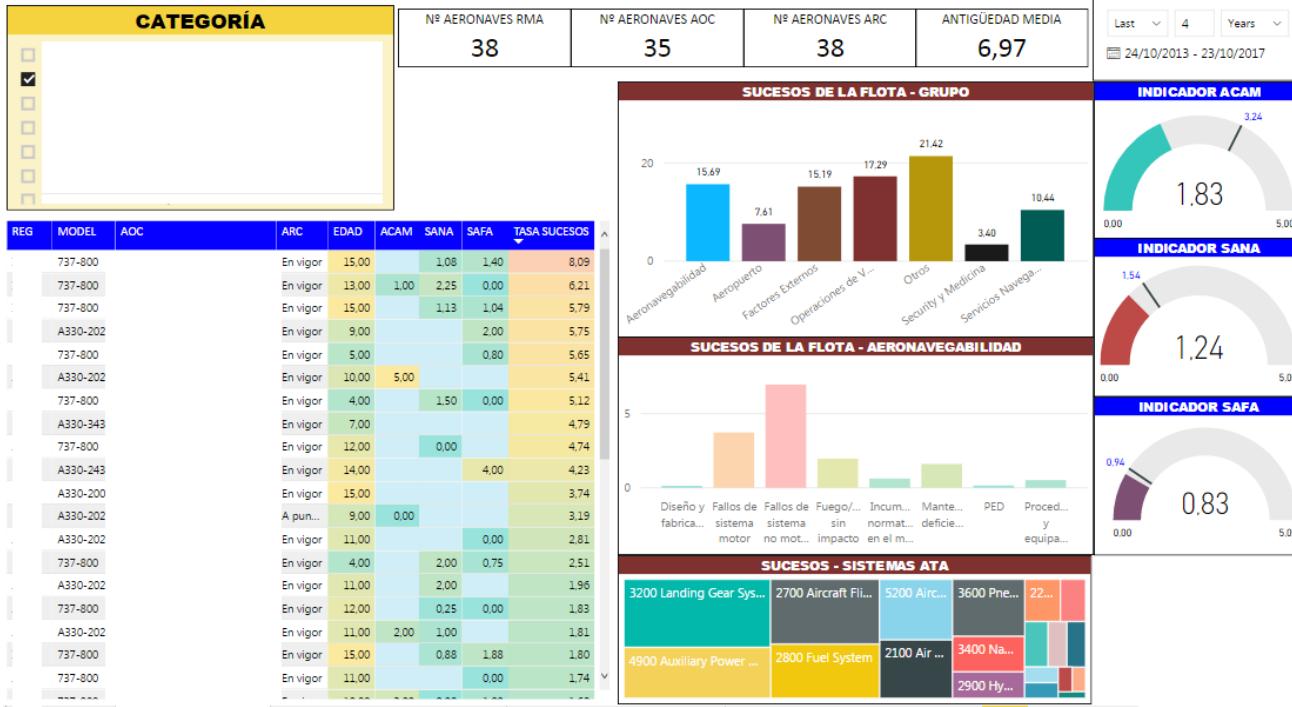
RISK BASED OVERSIGHT



RISK BASED OVERSIGHT



ANÁLISIS DE LA FLOTA DE OPERADORES TAC



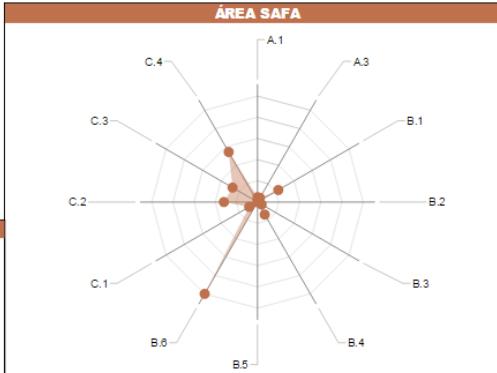
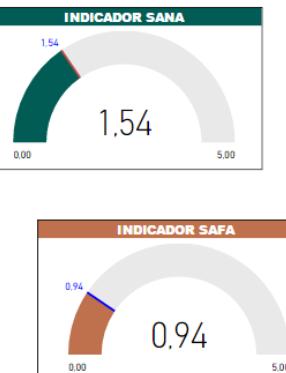
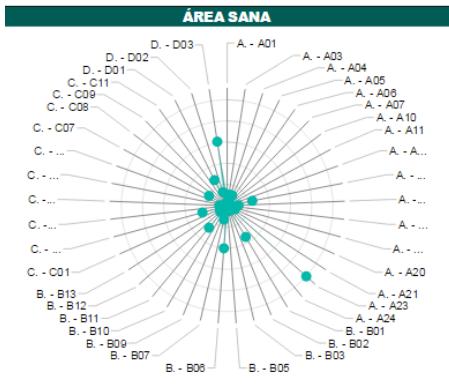
RISK BASED OVERSIGHT

RESULTADO INSPECCIONES EN RAMPA



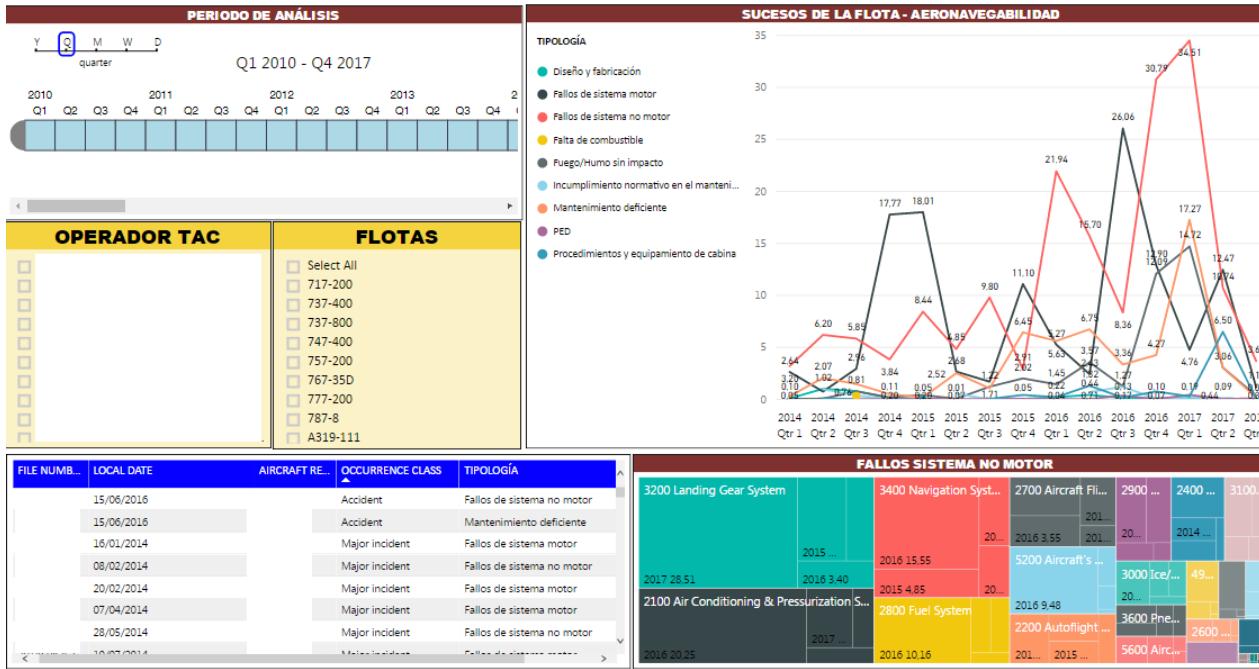
Expediente	Fecha Insp.	Matrícula	MODELO	IND SANA
	miércoles, 26 de octubre de 2016		737-800	
	miércoles, 26 de octubre de 2016		737-400	
	viernes, 28 de octubre de 2016		A320-232	4.00
	miércoles, 02 de noviembre de 2016		A330-343	2.00
	lunes, 31 de octubre de 2016		A340-313	0.00
	martes, 25 de octubre de 2016		A321-213	
	miércoles, 26 de octubre de 2016		737-400	
	jueves, 27 de octubre de 2016		EMB-120-ER	
	viernes, 04 de noviembre de 2016		A340-642	2.00
	viernes, 04 de noviembre de 2016		ATR-72-212A	2.00
	miércoles, 26 de octubre de 2016		757-200	1.00

Expediente	Fecha insp.	Matrícula	MODELO	IND SAFA
	sábado, 01 de julio de 2017		737-800	0.25
	sábado, 01 de julio de 2017		747-400	0.00
	sábado, 01 de julio de 2017		A321-213	0.25
	viernes, 30 de junio de 2017		737-400	0.00
	jueves, 29 de junio de 2017		CL-600-2D24	0.00
	martes, 27 de junio de 2017		A320-232	0.00
	lunes, 26 de junio de 2017		ATR-72-212	0.25
	viernes, 23 de junio de 2017		CL-600-2E25	0.00
	miércoles, 21 de junio de 2017		757-200	0.00
	miércoles, 21 de junio de 2017		757-200	0.00
	martes, 20 de junio de 2017		777-200	0.00



RISK BASED OVERSIGHT

SUCESOS DE LA FLOTA -AERONAVEGABILIDAD





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RIMAS: RISK MANAGEMENT IN AVIATION SAFETY

- A Framework and Architecture -

- A comprehensive coherent methodology for aviation **safety risk management at state level**
- Beyond **risk matrices** towards coherent development of SSPs

Key issues/steps:

1. Meaningfully **exploring aviation safety databases**
2. Building **forecasting models** for: operations, occurrences, severities
3. **Assessing** multiple **consequences**: deaths, injuries, delays, cancellations, maintenance and repair operations, image loss,...
4. Building risk maps (and matrices): **Safety Risk Picture**
5. **Optimal assessment** of aviation safety **resources**

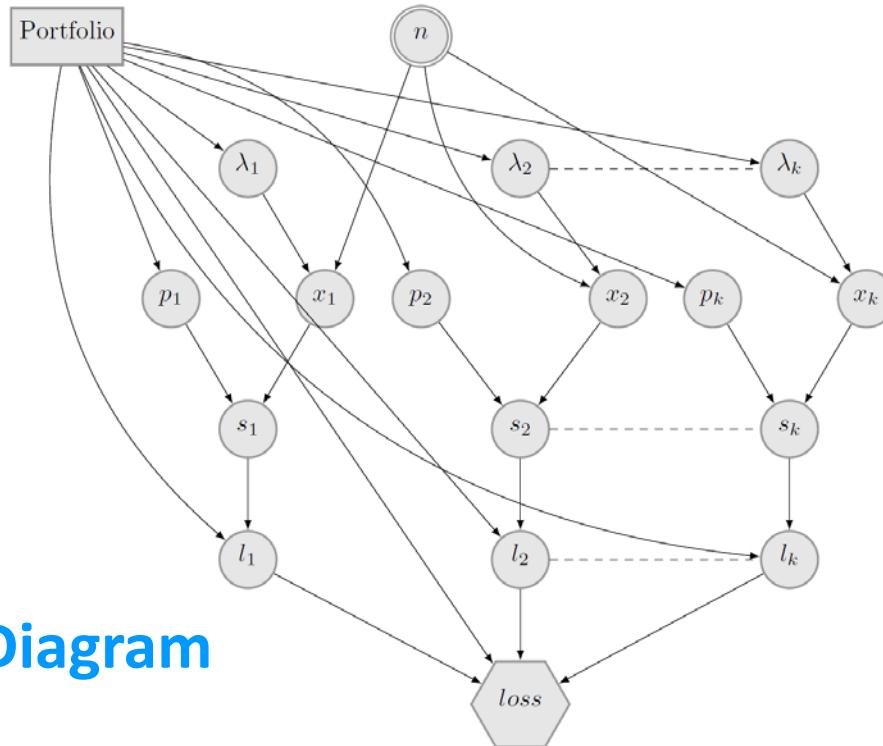


RIMAS: RISK MANAGEMENT IN AVIATION SAFETY

- MOR. 88 types of occurrences. Registered in ECCAIRS.
- Other databases: ASN, Eurocontrol (CFMU), ESTOP,...
- 5 severity degrees (ICAO and EUROCONTROL): Minor, Significant, Major, Serious, Accident
- 4 types of aircrafts T1, T2, T3, T4 (No. of passengers)
 - ✓ Flight operations
 - Hard landing,...
 - ✓ Navigation services
 - ACAS warnings,...
 - ✓ Airworthiness
 - Engine failure,...
- ✓ Airport
 - Impact with vehicle,...
- ✓ External factors
 - Bird strikes,...



RESOURCE ALLOCATION



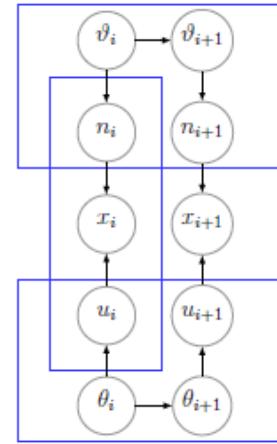
Influence Diagram

PREDICTING THE NUMBER OF OCCURRENCES

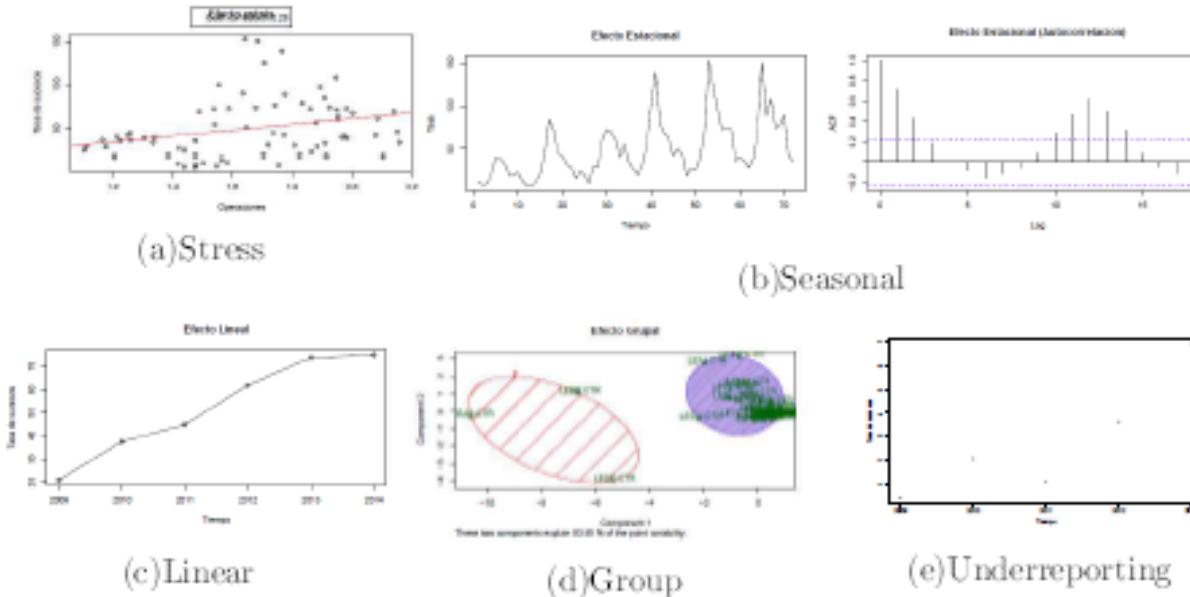
ID DLM+POISSON+(EXP)DLM

Model

$$\begin{cases} \begin{cases} n_i = H_i \vartheta_i + z_i, z_i \sim N(0, \Sigma_i) \\ \vartheta_i = J_i \vartheta_{i-1} + \xi_i, \xi_i \sim N(0, S_i) \\ \vartheta_0 \sim N(\eta_0, S_0) \end{cases} \\ x_i | \lambda_i, n_i \sim Po(\lambda_i n_i) \\ \lambda_i = \exp(u_i) \\ \begin{cases} u_i = F_i \theta_i + v_i, v_i \sim N(0, V_i) \\ \theta_i = G_i \theta_{i-1} + w_i, w_i \sim N(0, W_i) \\ \theta_0 \sim N(\mu_0, W_0), \end{cases} \end{cases}$$



FEATURES FACED IN (POISSON) INCIDENT RATES



PREDICTING OCCURRENCE SEVERITIES

- ✈ We must also predict the corresponding occurrence classes (severities)

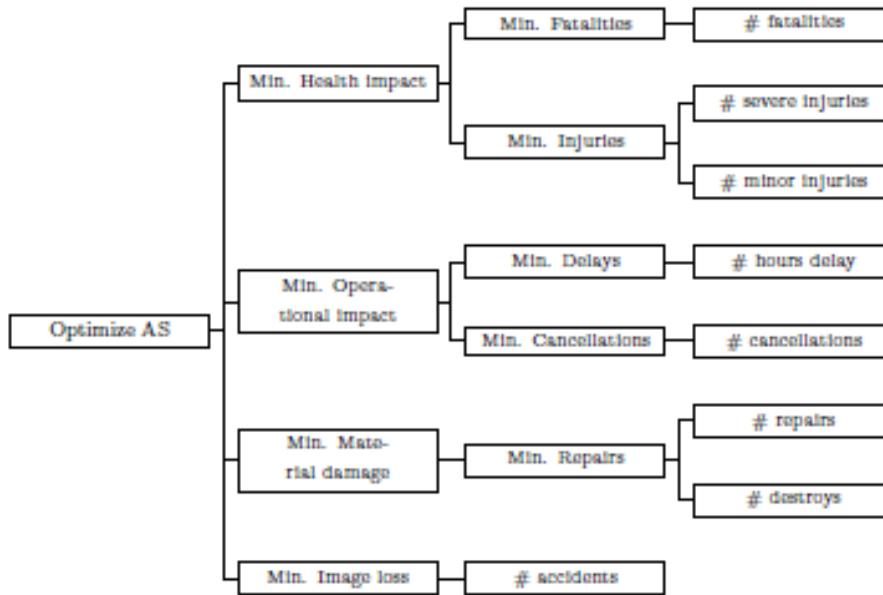
✈ Model

- assuming that the data D_t available until the beginning of the t -th period are $((s^1_1, s^2_1, \dots, s^5_1), \dots, (s^1_{t-1}, s^2_{t-1}, \dots, s^5_{t-1}))$, and where s_i^j represents the number of occurrences of class i , $i \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$, in period j , $j \in \{1, \dots, t-1\}$:

$$p|D_t \sim Dir \left(\alpha_1 + \sum_{i=1}^{t-1} s_i^1, \dots, \alpha_5 + \sum_{i=1}^{t-1} s_i^5 \right)$$

PREDICTING INCIDENT CONSEQUENCES

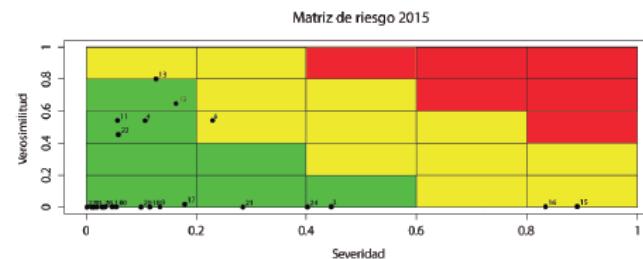
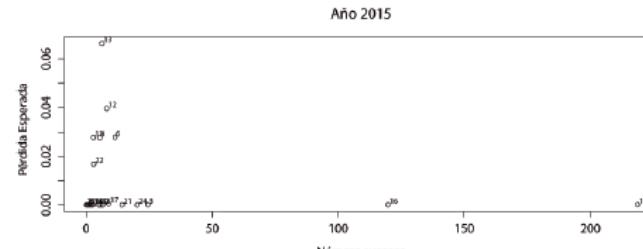
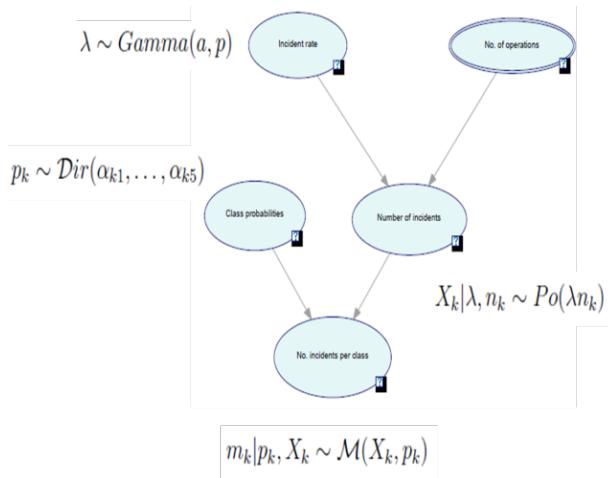
✈ Multiattribute utility function



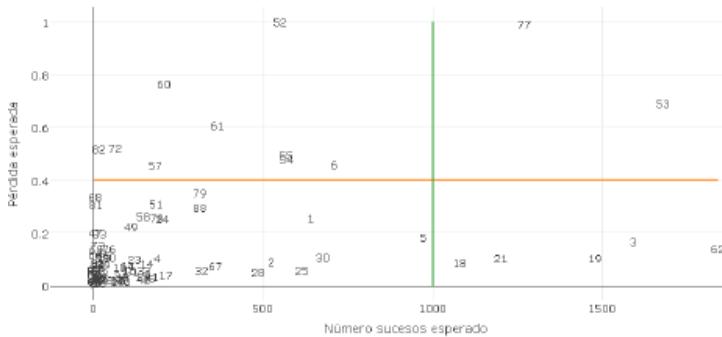
RISK MAPPING

- Mapping (forecasted) incident numbers vs (forecasted) incident costs (expected, boxplots)

Less but more expensive	More and more expensive
Less and less expensive	More but less expensive



USES: SCREENING



Anti-Pareto	Más costosos	Más frecuentes	Empeora	Emergentes		
(52)	(6)	(3)	(19)	(60)		
	(52)	(18)				
(53)	(53)	(19)	(62)			
	(62)	(21)				
(77)	(55)	(53)	(77)	(77)		
	(57)	(62)				
	(60)	(77)				
	(61)					
	(72)					
	(77)					
	(82)					

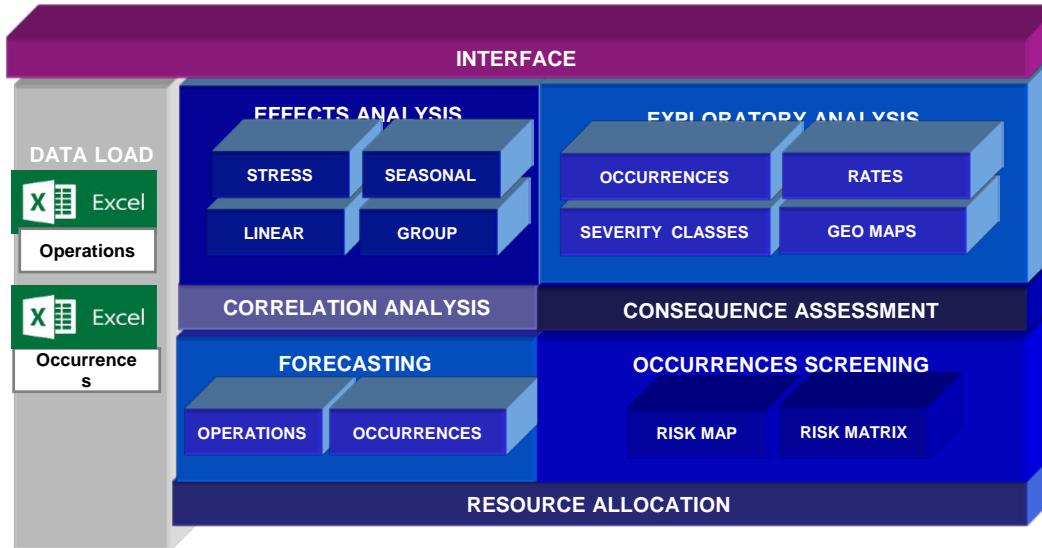
Suceso	Ref.	ADREP
1 Presencia de obstáculos / FOD	123	ADRM
2 Láser	-	-
3 Golpes de aves	651	BIRD
4 Incursión aeronave en otras superficies	321-1	RI-VA(P)
5 Fallos de sistema motor	441	SCF-PP
6 Fallos de sistema NO motor	431	SCF-NP
7 Turbulencias meteorológicas	621	TURB
8 Vientos	622	OTHR
9 Colisión con aves	651	BIRD
10 Toma de tierra dura, pesada, rápida o larga	231	ARC
11 Manejo de la aeronave	2121	OTHR
12 Cizalladura	612	WSTRW
13 Cizalladura en cabeceras	-	-
14 Fallos técnicos sin identificar	451	OTHR
15 Otras condiciones meteorológicas	641	OTHR/UIMO
16 Pérdida de control en vuelo	282	LOC-I

RIMAS: THE ARCHITECTURE

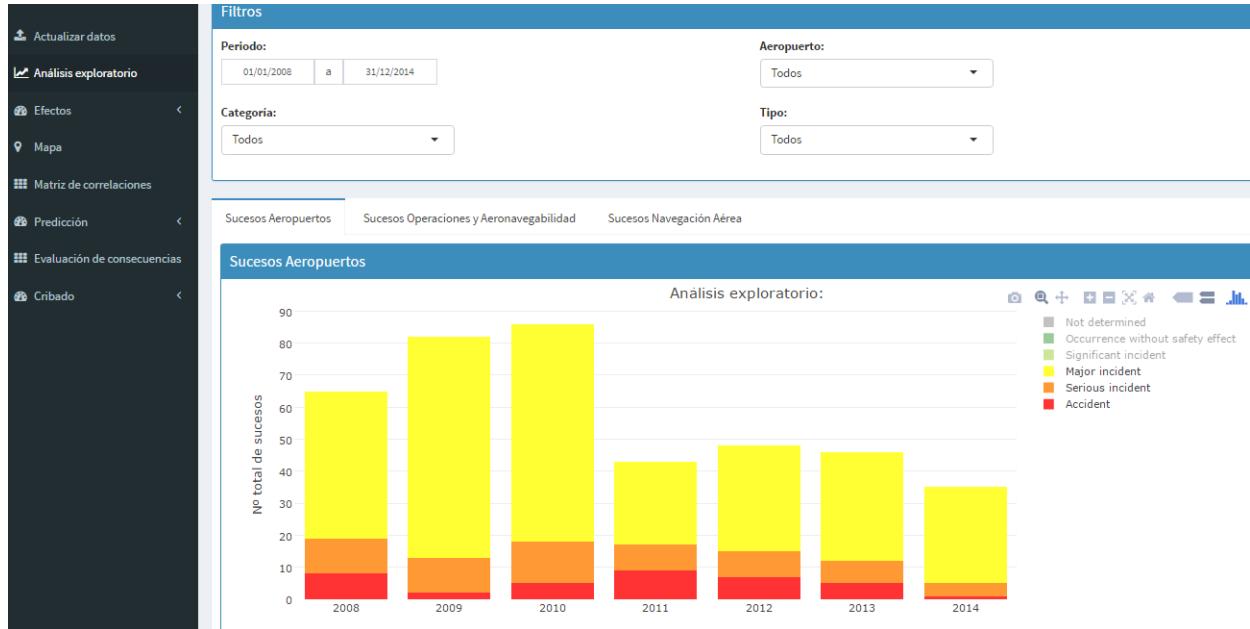
Based on R! and ECCAIRS (and other aviation safety databases), it supports building:

- Forecasting models for numbers of 88 types of occurrences (including number of operations)
- Forecasting models for occurrence severity classes (1 to 5)
- Forecasting models for occurrence consequences (deaths, delays,...)
- A multiattribute utility function to assess such consequences
- Risk maps (and risk matrices)
- Screening of occurrences
- Optimal assignment of resources to reduce and mitigate aviation safety risks
- Displaying all types of graphs to build aviation safety reports

RIMAS: THE ARCHITECTURE

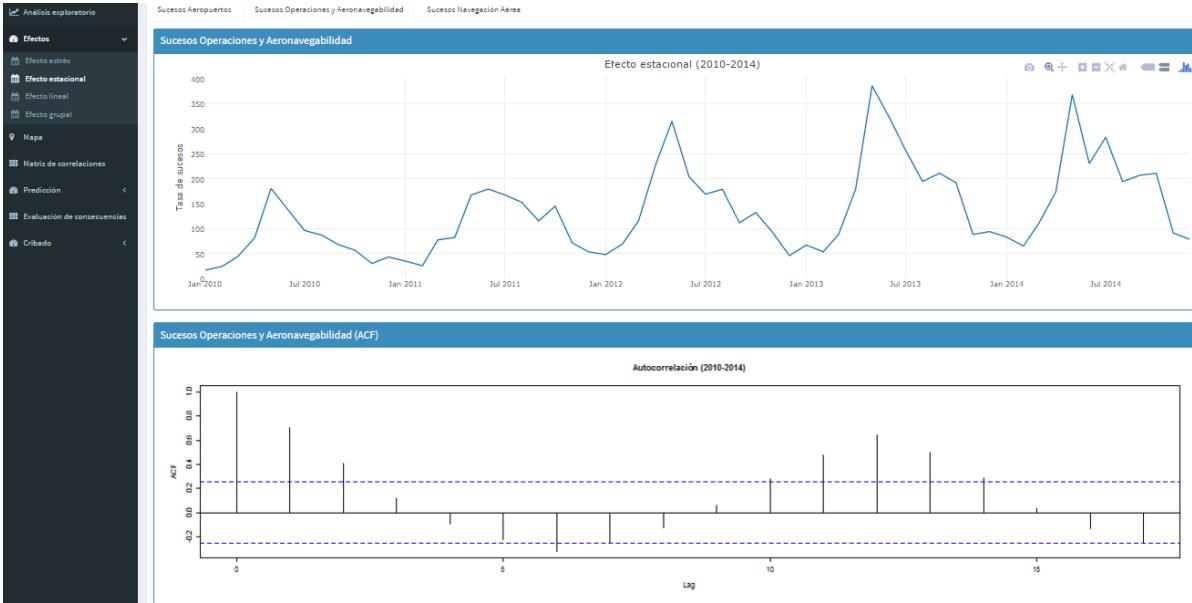


EXPLORATORY ANALYSIS

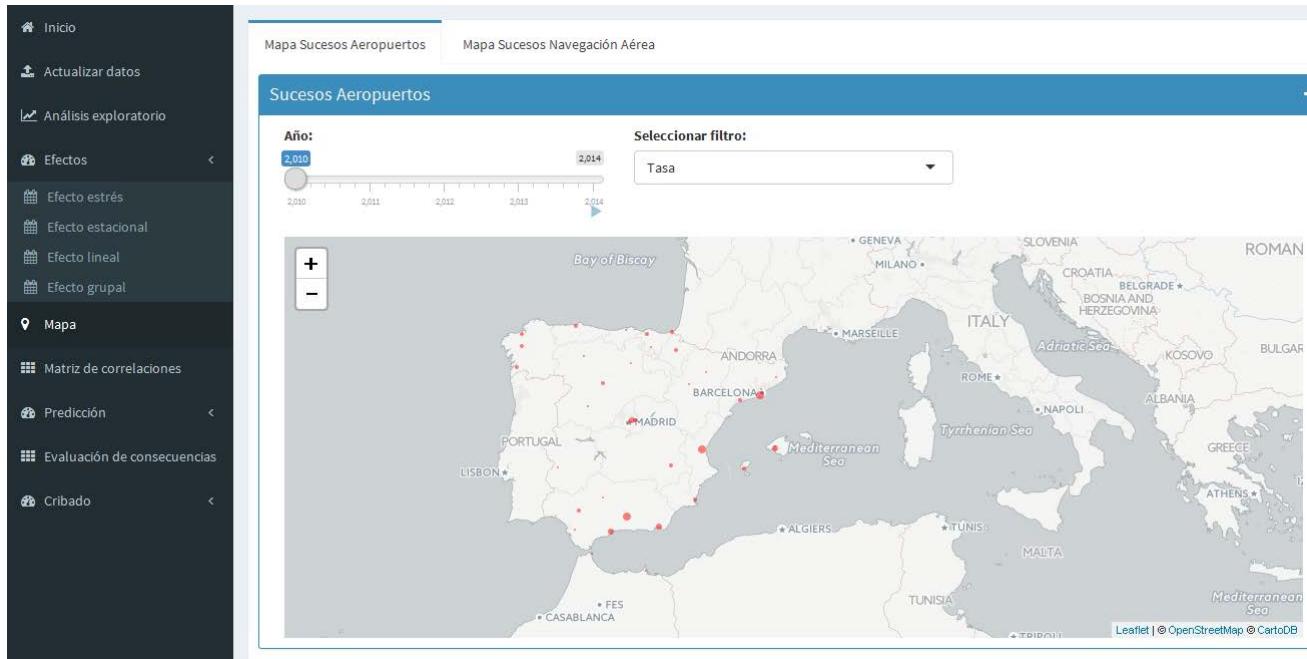


EFFECT ANALYSIS: GROUP

EFFECT ANALYSIS: SEASONAL



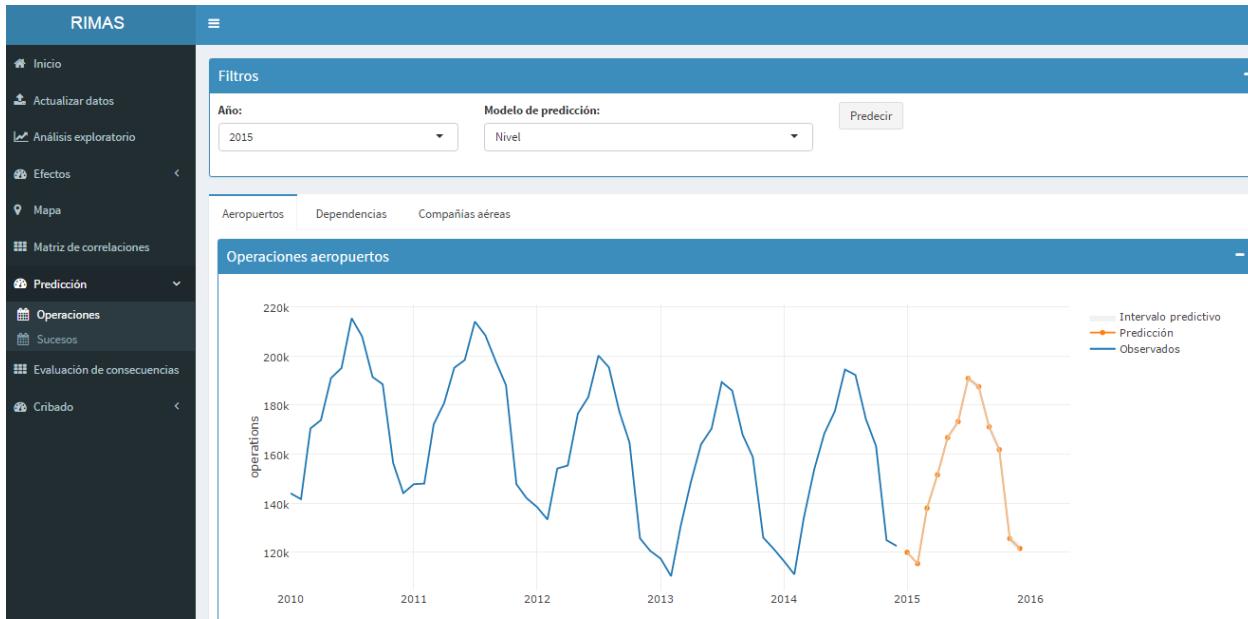
GEO MAPS



CORRELATIONS MATRIX



OPERATIONS FORECASTING



RISK MAPS





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DE FOMENTO



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Our View

D4S is a **data collection and analysis programme** that will support the goal to ensure the and environmental protection for the European aviation **highest common level of safety** system

Why? AESA's **strategic interest** in leading big data projects

Contribution?

- **previous experience** in national and international projects
- **highly qualified team** of safety analysts

Main problems... protection and **use** of safety **information**

Expected achievements... safety improvements under **SSP** and **EPAS**





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1 The Project

Applied research - laboratory validation

Data management, infrastructure, data protection,
data mining tools, visualisation



Aviation safety knowledge discovery



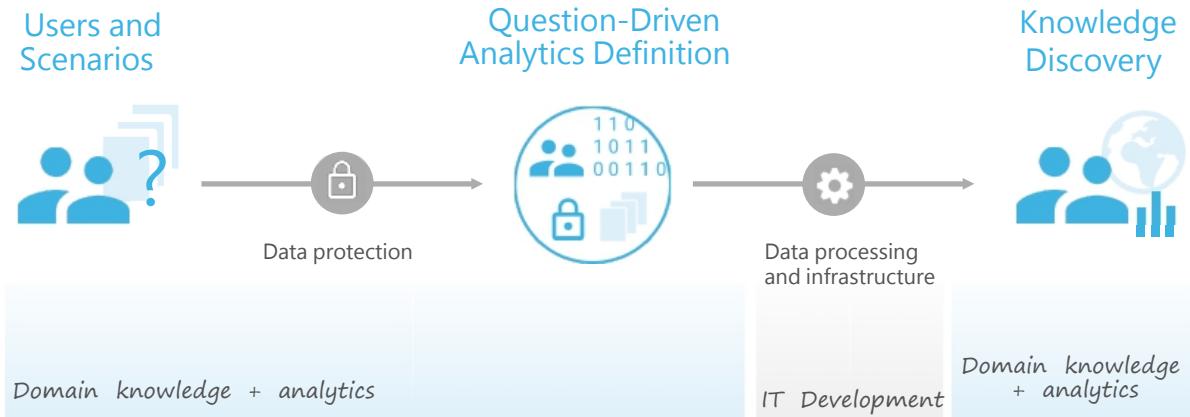
Systematic identification of hazards

2 The team



2 The Team

The user role in the Big data process



3 The data

14 Data Sources identified and documented



- Description
- Structure and size
- Data Items description
- Range of available data
- Delivery procedure (when and how)
- Technical limitations



Open data



Proprietary data - Data Protection Agreements signed+technical procedures

4 Data protection

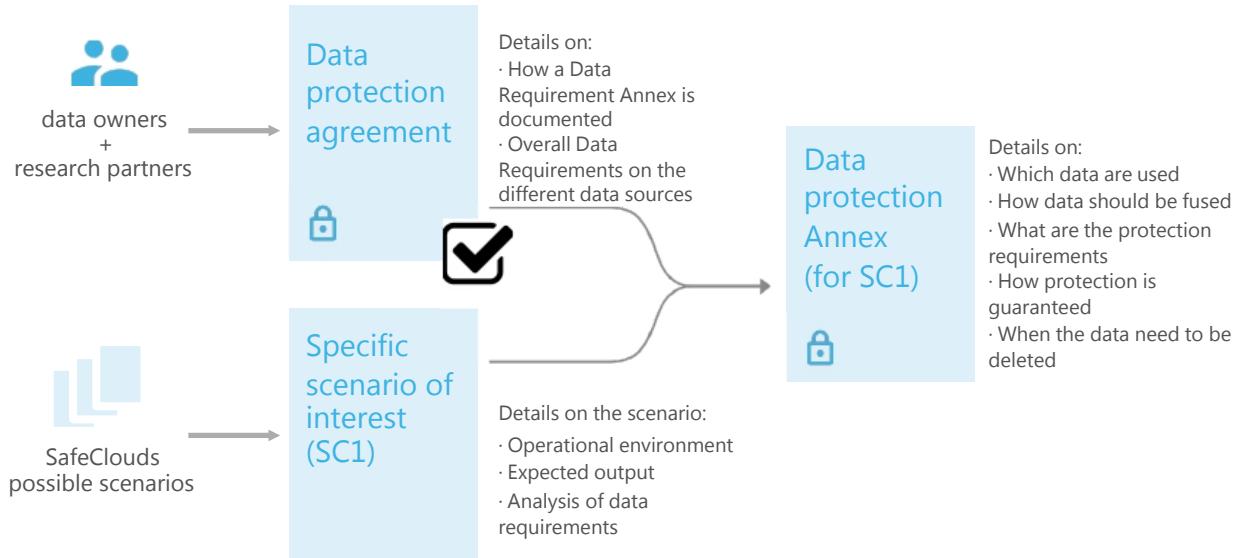
Basic procedures in the Consortium Agreement

- Any dataset provided to the project treated with **maximum confidentiality**
- SafeClouds **will not publish datasets** by any means, paper or electronically
- SafeClouds **will not publish details of a concrete safety event**
- All **publications** to be **approved by the data owners**



4 Data Protection

Data Protection Annex - legal agreement



4 Data Protection

Data Protection Annex - technological procedures

The **Smart Data Fusion** algorithm allows fusion/identification of datasets without private data leaving the private environment.

This is performed storing **randomized hashes** as references in the shared environment and **encrypted** values and seeds on the private environment, i.e. **hash key bank**.

4 Data Protection

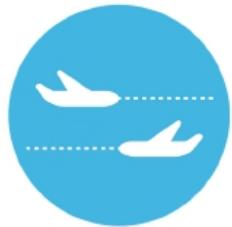
Additional Data protection mechanisms

System monitoring

- A **user hierarchy** defines roles and limits data access.
- User actions are **continuously monitored** and logged.
- Any **suspicious behaviour** will trigger a series of **alarms**

5 Scenarios

Input from SafeClouds partners



Airprox



CFIT



Runway utilization



Unstable approach



Hard landing



Wake vortex separation



Real-time congestion monitoring



Level bust

5 Scenarios

Use Cases

Operational + mathematical description (**metric**)

Data supporting the use cases

Data **Protection** requirements (legal + technical)

Analytics supporting the use cases

Details on how to **embed the analytics** in the operations

User experience and visualisation requirements

5 Scenarios

Use Cases - CFIT



Metric
Data needed and elements

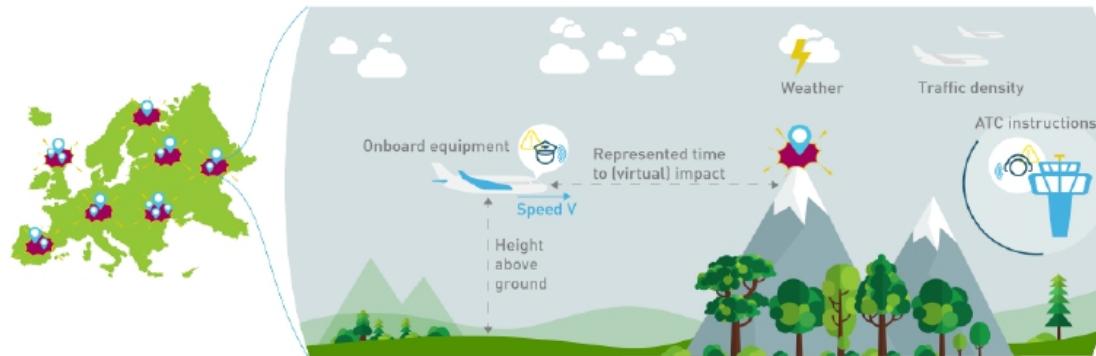


Figure 3.4/7: Concept Graphic for CFIT Use Cases

CFIT-1: Hotspot Detection

CFIT-2: Identifying unreported situations of Aircraft Flying Below Minima

5 Scenarios

Use Cases - Runway utilization



Metric
Data needed and elements

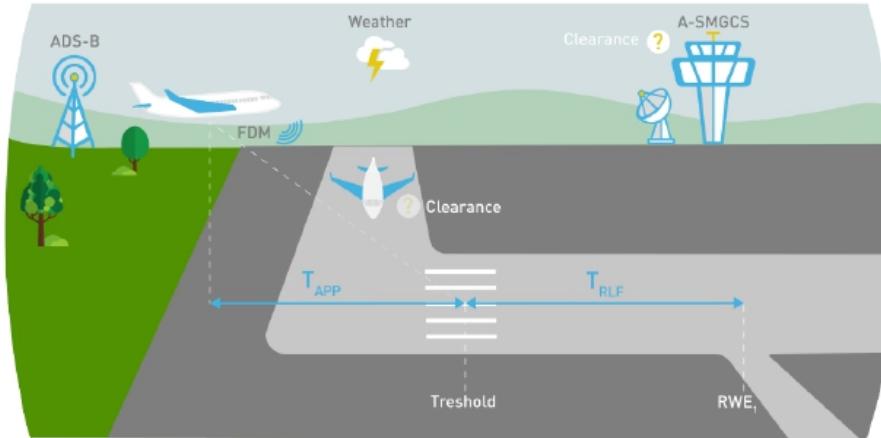


Figure 3.3.1/6: Concept Graphic for Use Case RU-1

RU-1: Runway usage prediction:

- a) runway vacate
- b) distance to threshold

5 Scenarios

Use Cases - Unstable Approach



Metric

Data needed and elements

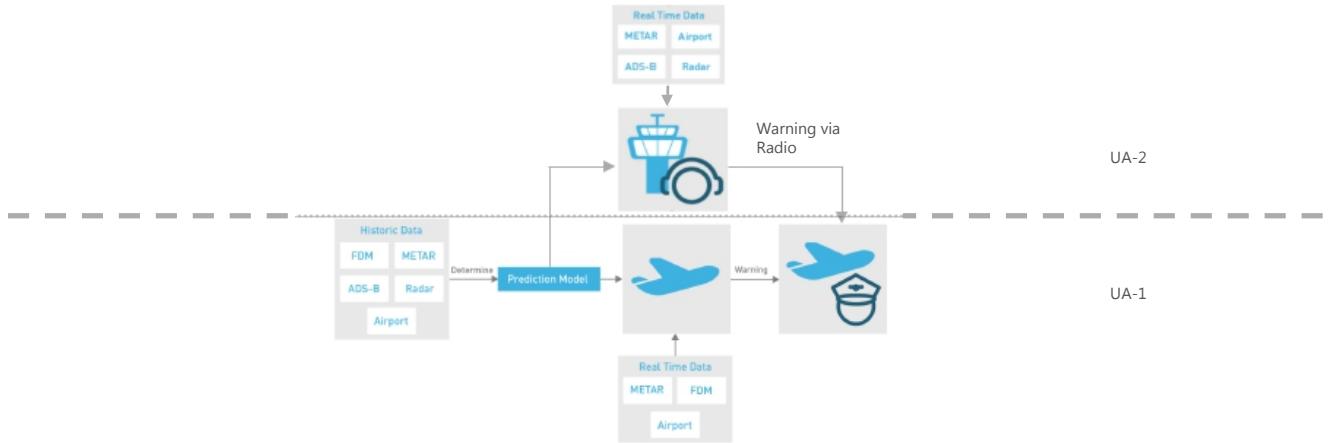


Figure 3.2.3/4: Concept Graphic for Use Case UA-1

UA-1: Prediction of UA due to data theoretically available on board an aircraft in real time

UA-2: Prediction of UA due to data theoretically available to ATC in real time

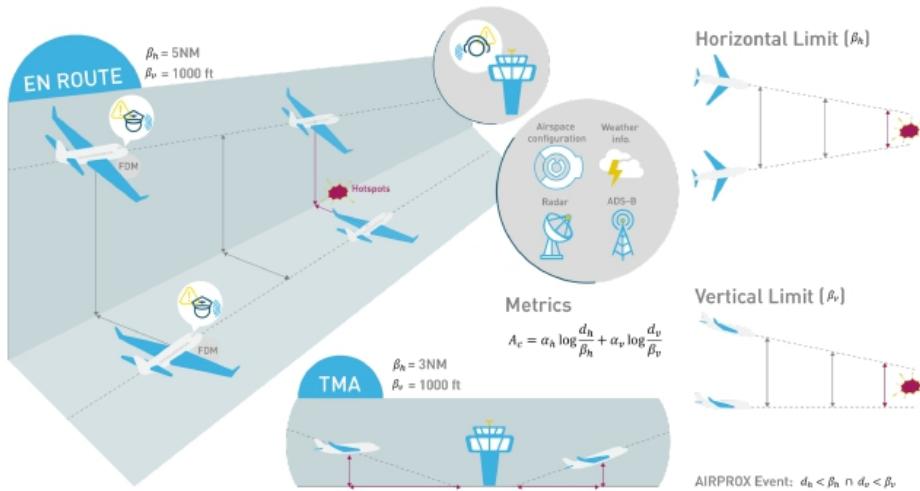
UA-3: Blind Benchmarking

5 Scenarios

Use Cases - AIRPROX



Metric
Data needed and elements



AIRPROX-1: Detection and characterisation of hotspots in En-Route environment

AIRPROX-2: Detection and characterisation of hotspots in TMA environment

6 User-driven analytics

User + Questions	Outcomes	Methodologies, technologies
 What happened? What's happening? Descriptive analysis	Well-defined case studies, opportunities and challenges	<ul style="list-style-type: none">· Clustering · Link prediction· Co-occurrence grouping· Profiling · Similarity matching
What will happen? Predictive analysis	Accurate projections of future states	<ul style="list-style-type: none">· Parametric modelling· Methods to avoid overfitting· Similarity networks and clusters· Supervised / unsupervised segmentation
What should we do? Prescriptive analysis	Best-possible decisions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">· Optimization · Simulation· Decision modelling· Causality modelling

7 Supporting infrastructure



Your SafeClouds local

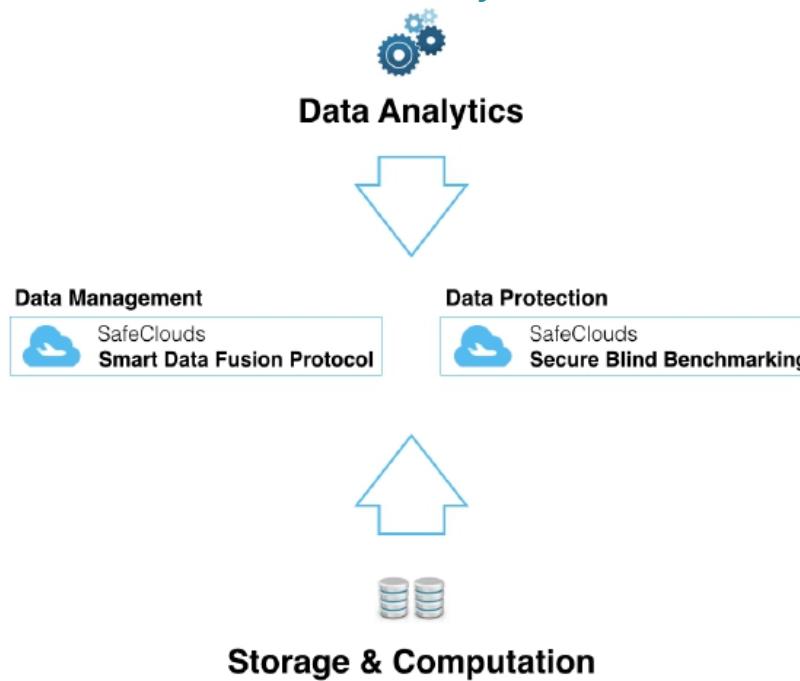
Data semi-identified for data fusion (e.g. meteo)
No Data Analyst access
Data Protection team remote access

Your own systems

Data identified
No SafeClouds access

7 Supporting infrastructure

Integration infrastructure-analytics





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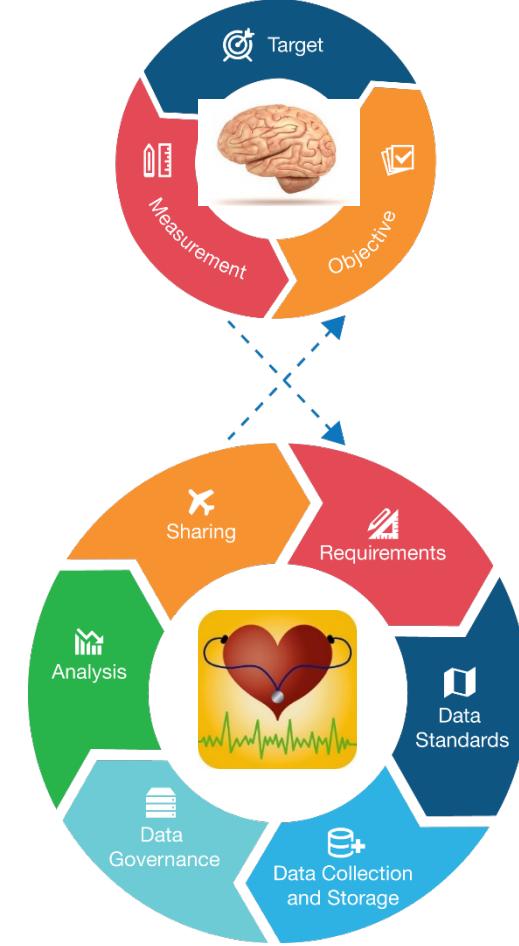
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SUMMARY and DISCUSSION

- Safety data: the system's blood
- Safety data & sources protection: key SSP/SMS
- Safety risk management is pervaded by simplistic methods based on risk matrices



**WITHOUT APPROPRIATE DATA PROTECTION...
NO EFFECTIVE SSP/SMS**





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Thank you very much

END OF THE PRESENTATION

AVIATION DATA SYMPOSIUM

case study

www.seguridadaerea.gob.es



Networking Coffee Break

Thank you to our Sponsor

mcmillan





Virtual Reality – How VR will Shape Aviation Training

↗ April Slovensky
Deloitte

↗ Frederic Leger
Director, Airport, Passenger, Cargo and Security, Products, IATA





Digital Reality

April Slovensky
Deloitte

Aviation Data Symposium 2017



Deloitte.
Digital



NOV | 2017

Digital Reality





DIGITAL REALITY

360° Video

A NEW PERSPECTIVE

Allowing users to look every direction

Immersive
MULTISENSORY, DIGITAL EXPERIENCE
Delivered through any of these technologies

Augmented Reality

OVERLAYS DIGITALLY-CREATED CONTENT
into the user's real-world environment

*Solves real-world business
problems and creates new
sources of competitive
advantage.*

Mixed Reality

BLENDS DIGITAL CONTENT INTO REAL-WORLD
both environments can coexist and interact



Data is the key to delivering digital realities



Think



Connect



Know



Learn



Explore



Play

Evaluate solutions, identify starting points, pivot based on learnings

Connect people remotely, communicate via “See what I see” and interact with the same information

Augment data and resources to give team members a new way to do their jobs

Immerse in training, analytics, and research, lowering time, risk & cost required

Bring consumers on a journey of exploration across time and geography

Deliver digital reality experiences through content creation, enablement and consumption

Identify ~ Capture ~ Cleanse ~ Translate



Immersive training for key use cases in a curriculum



Virtual Reality Capabilities

Train a workforce for mission-critical, high cost, complex scenarios by creating an interactive, scalable, experiential reality



Scalable Low-Cost Training Simulations



Experiential Learning Environment



Instant Best Practice Sharing



Light Barrier Maintenance



Aviation Data Symposium 2017



Real-time support and quality built into task execution



Provide workers hands-free access to issue resolution as well as on-demand global expertise with SME's using see-what-I-see technology

Augmented Reality (AR) Solutions Capabilities



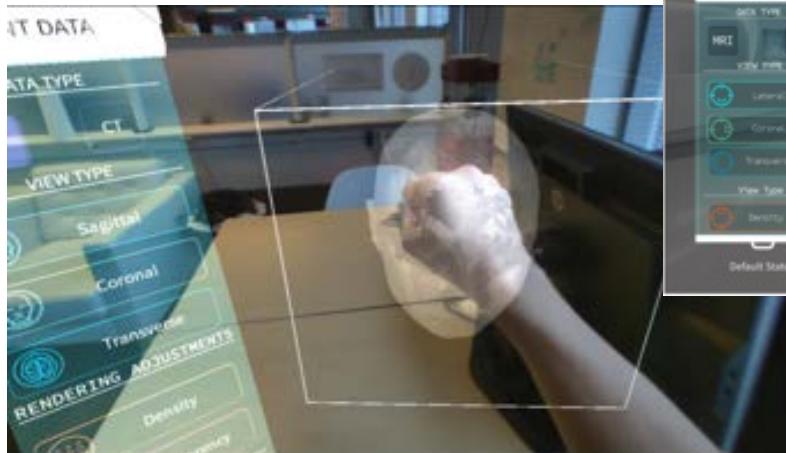
Hands-Free
Remote Assistance



See-What-I-See
Guidance



Automatic visual Task Assistance



Alter your Reality



- 1 **Think.** Leverage early adoption, strategic decisions and high priority areas.
- 2 **Connect.** Use your ecosystem to collaborate.
- 3 **Know.** Embed learning into the operational activities.
- 4 **Explore.** Shift the thinking about new ways to create a learning environment.
- 5 **Consume.** Transform data into content users understand and consume.





RampVR: Virtual Reality in Aviation

Frederic Leger

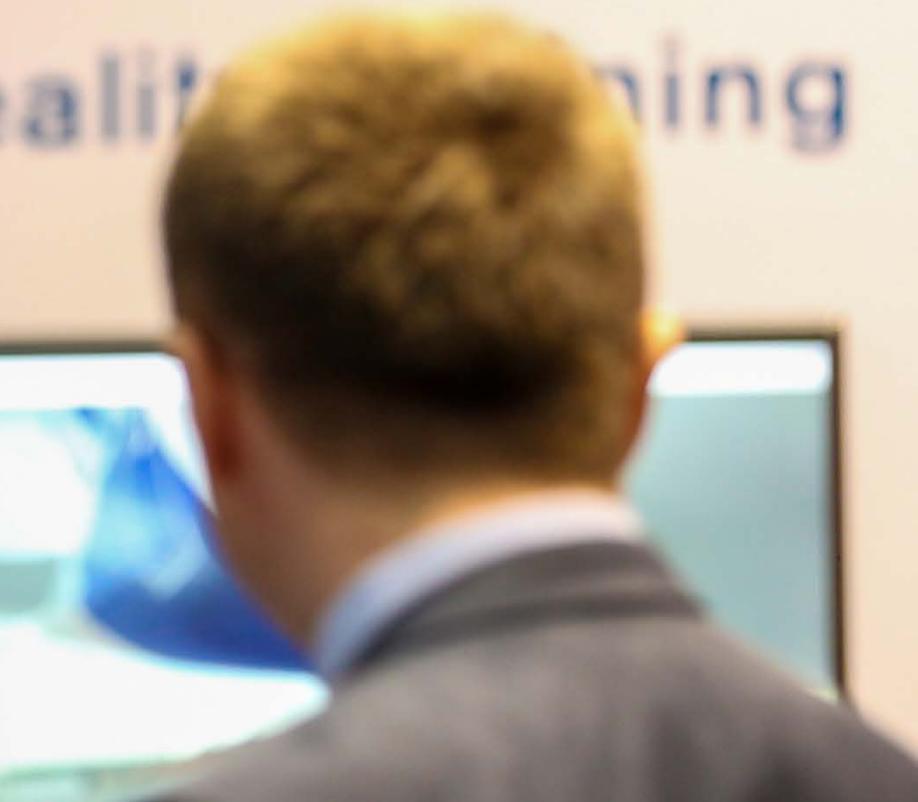
Director, Airport, Passenger, Cargo & Security Products

IATA



RAMPVR

Reality Learning





IATA Training in 2016

- **100,000+** professionals trained in 2016



In company



Classroom



Virtual



Online



E-book



Printed

- **20+** IATA Training Centers
- IATA training offered in **90+** countries
- Our students come from **190+** countries
 - Students represent **2,000+** organizations & government authorities





Current operational training is good, but...

- Not evolved and remains “passive”
- Subject to capacity and availability limitations
- Not benefiting from state of the art and most advanced technology
- Knowledge retention rate could be improved
- Examination remains very theoretical vs. operational





Consultation helped us improve effectiveness of existing training

- Consulted with airlines, airports and ground service providers to understand training needs and pain points
- Common thread: *“need for live, practical, on-the-ground experience while minimizing ramp access”*
- Common need: *“immersion in a close-to-reality environment, simulating live operations, enhancing knowledge retention”*





Virtual reality addresses limitations of training

- Immersion in a fully interactive, realistic 3D environment
- Full compliance with industry standards, e.g. Airport Handling Manual (AHM) and IATA Ground Operations Manual (IGOM)
- Accessible anytime
- Easy to set-up and use





Making RampVR™ simple to use was key in adoption

- A plug-and-play system with an intuitive user interface
- Simple setup in any 3x3 meter space with straightforward wire connections
- Quick change between users for time-constrained training sessions
- Easy web download of new VR modules or updated versions of existing modules

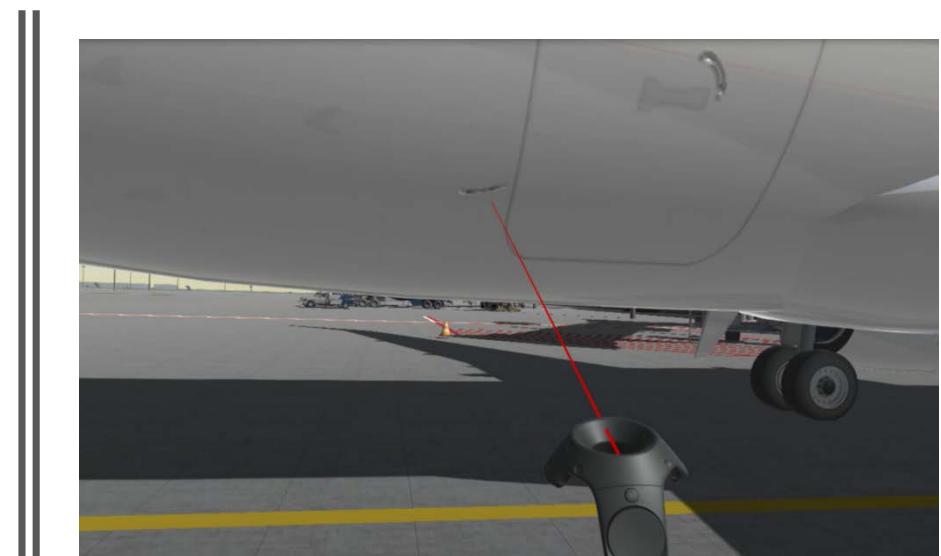




We currently offer 2 training modules

- **Aircraft Turnaround Inspection** – Review of procedures to be performed by ramp handlers/supervisors in the safety inspection of the apron prior to an aircraft's arrival as well as damage inspection of the arriving aircraft prior to docking of equipment.
- **Marshalling** – Using IATA Marshalling Signals to train and evaluate aircraft marshallers to guide an aircraft safely to its final parking position.

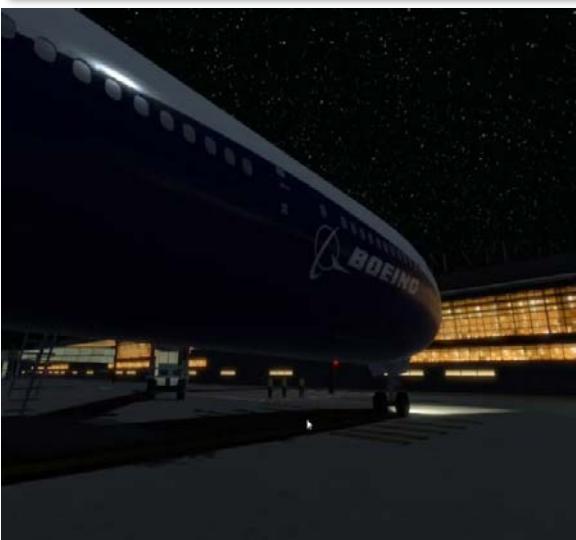




Turnaround Inspections



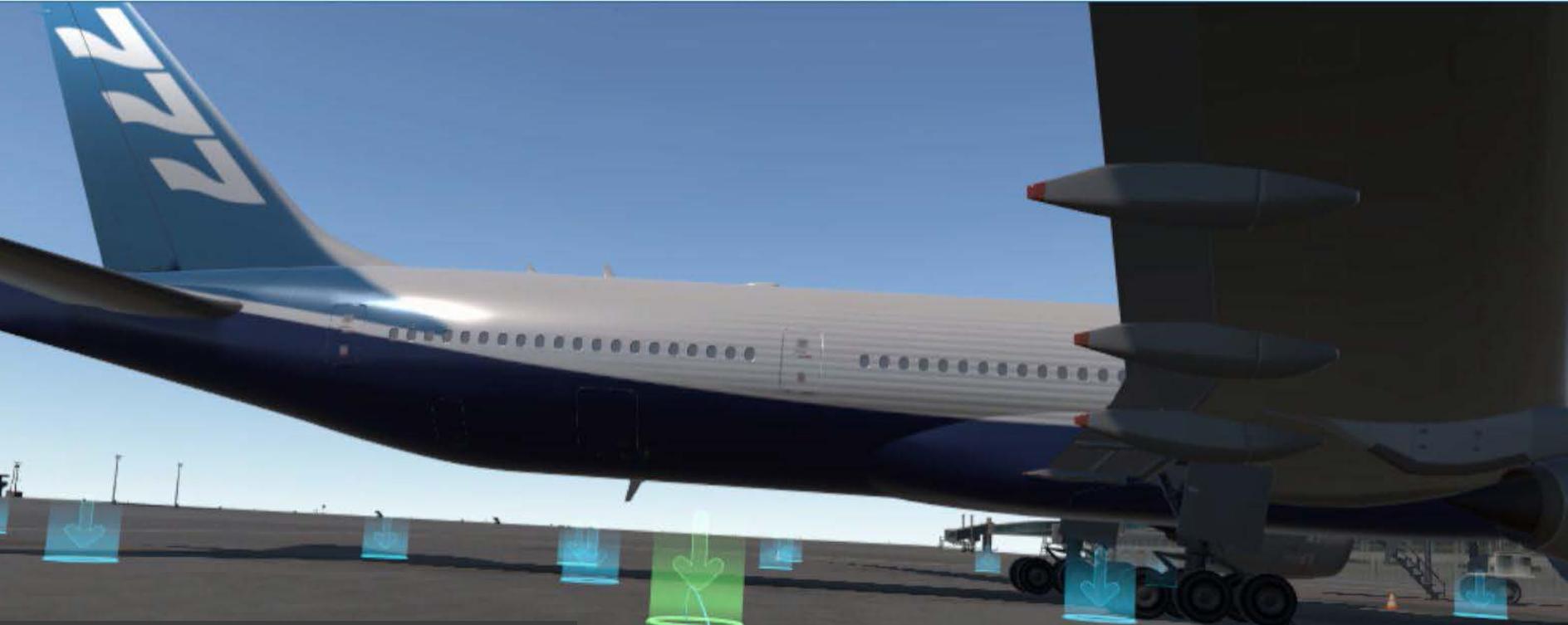
Marshalling



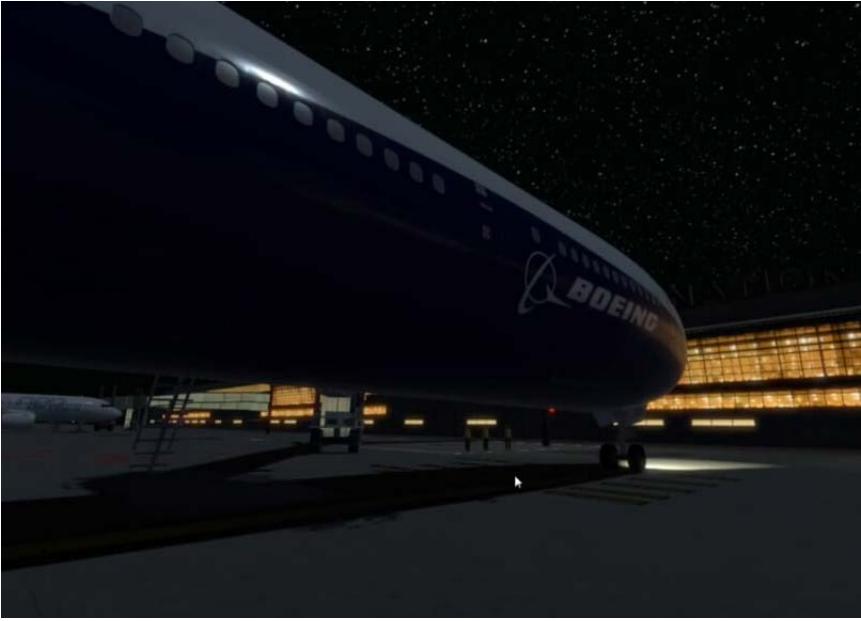
RampVR™ experience

- Be reminded on key principles of training while “on” the ground
- Spot common errors experienced in operations that the system will randomly inject
- Experience infrequent errors to familiarize with unusual situations
- Choose from multiple aircraft categories and “teleport” where needed to conduct the inspections
- Simulate day and night operations in combination with clear and low visibility
- Check score to ensure the inspection or marshalling has been successfully performed





Teleport around
the aircraft



Simulate day and night



Simulate issues

Record results

RAMPVR™
Score : 9 / 10

Total Time: 04:59

Please remove your headset



Benefits of virtual reality training

- Practical training in a safe and immersive environment
- Access aircraft and apron anytime, anywhere
- Replicate incidents and issues infrequently seen in operations
- Expose trainees to different lighting and weather conditions
- Improve knowledge retention and staff engagement
- Comply with IATA standards
- Easy set-up, usage and download of new version and modules





Distributing virtual reality training

1

Training at
IATA
Training
Centers

2

Training in
Customers'
Premises

3

Company
Purchases
RampVR





What is included in the RampVR solution?

- The RampVR kit includes:
 - High-spec PC
 - HTC Vive
 - Headphones
 - Setup equipment (tripods, wires, etc)
 - VR training modules
- Other services:
 - Easy download of new or updated modules
 - On-site setup and user familiarization
 - Customer support





Future IATA VR Modules

Cargo

ULD build up, Dangerous Goods

Security

Cabin Security

Ground Ops

Aircraft loading

Passenger Experience

Inflight Experience





Other IATA VR/AR Activities

- Aviation AR/VR Ecosystem
- VR User Group
- AR/VR Events
- AR/VR Strategic Partnership Program



SAVE THE DATE



Air Transport Virtual & Augmented Reality Conference

15-16 May 2018
Geneva





More information at:

rampvr@iata.org

www.iata.org/rampvr





Machine Learning – The Future of Aviation Data and Information

↗ Usman Shuja

General Manager, Industrial IoT, Spark Cognition

↗ Erica Brinker

Senior Director, Business Development, Honeywell Aerospace





Augmenting our world with A.I. 3.0

Usman Shuja

*General Manager Industrial IoT,
SparkCognition*
@kshuja @sparkcognition

Erica Brinker

Senior Director BD, Honeywell Aerospace
@ericaBrinker

The background of the image is a dark, industrial setting. In the foreground, there are complex metal structures, pipes, and scaffolding. In the middle ground, several red emergency lights are mounted on poles. Above the scene, a white airplane is flying through a cloudy sky. The overall atmosphere is mysterious and futuristic.

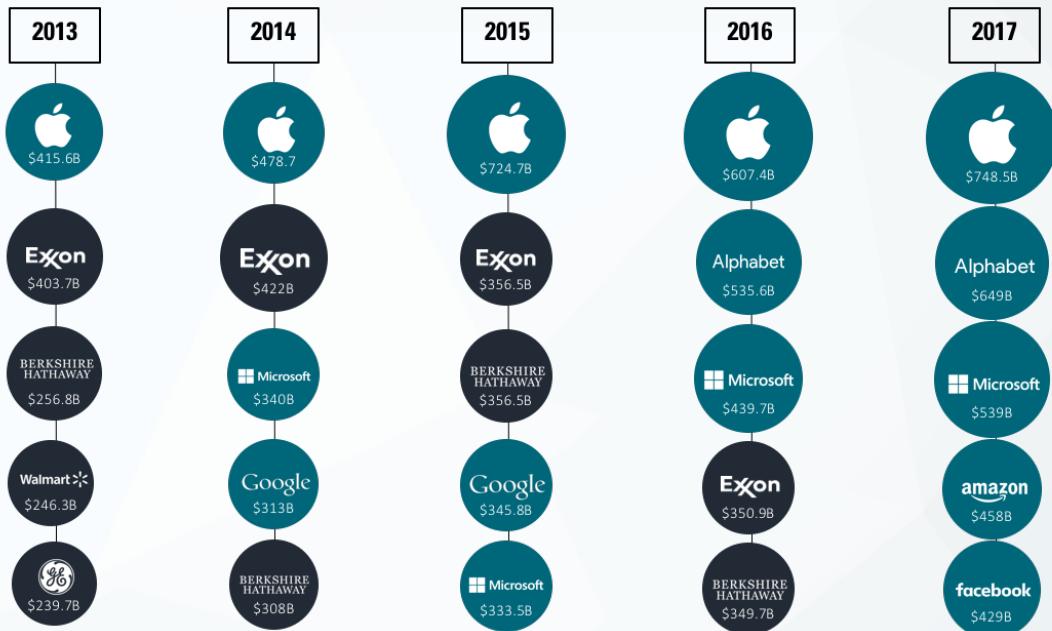
**Software is Eating the World...
and A.I. is Eating Software**



SOFTWARE TRIGGERED SHIFTS IN VALUE...

Top 5 by Market Cap

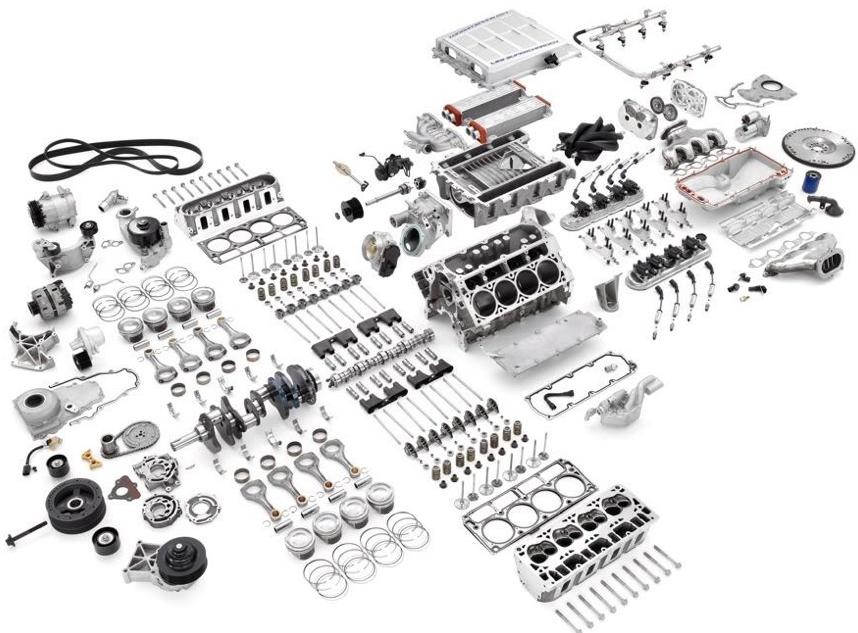
Tech Other



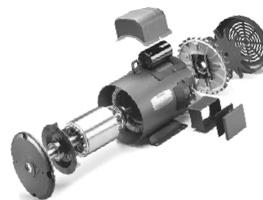
In the AI-powered disruption, everything will be up for grabs...



HOW SOFTWARE EATS THE WORLD...



Traditional Gas Engine Components



Electric Engine Components



Why is AI 3.0 working out?



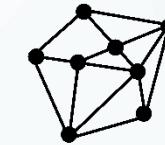
Data

- Sensor Proliferation
- Physical Actuation



Compute

- Cloud
- CPUs/ASICs
- Smarts at the Edge



Algorithms

- Deep Learning
- Auto Rule Generations, no need for extracting human expertise

The Transformation of Industry by AI has Begun



What does this mean for the industry?

Cognitive Maintenance – AI + AR

Truly long-view predictions, Explanations and exposing root-causes (Explainable AI)

Prescriptive Assistance for Humans:

Transforming millions of pages of text into context-based step by step guides

Safety through Autonomy:

Autonomous Aircraft, Self driving cars

Cognitive Security:

Cyber defenses for 100 Billion “things”

Optimization of Revenue & Events

Broader and deeper analytics



*Artificial Intelligence Must
Become a Critical Driver*



AI will take enormous cost out of maintenance



Prediction

- Sensor / system data to provide early warning system
- Build Models automatically
- Secure end-points from cyber attacks



Diagnostic

- Identifying relevant correlations between sensor activity and system failures/warnings
- Explainable AI



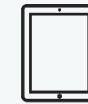
Optimization

- Optimize performance, corrective actions and maintenance
- Determine next best actions for allocation of equipment, resources and location



Advisory

- Link probable repair to diagnostics procedures
- Technician assist through repair and diagnostics
- Connect maintenance technician with engineering assist



UI/UX

- Integrate insights into handsfree visual device
- Interact with machines and remote support technicians
- Collect data in the field using scanners

Security



Cognitive Prognostics

AI + AR



Prescriptive Assistance for Humans

GoDirect™ Connected Maintenance

RIGHT TIME TO REPAIR

Predict when a part will fail before it becomes an unscheduled event



RIGHT MAINTENANCE ACTION

Quickly know what corrective action has solved that problem most often in the past



RIGHT PART FOR THE JOB

Have the right part available when it is needed



RIGHT LABOR AVAILABLE

Have the right labor/skillset available for the repair



RIGHT PLACE FOR THE REPAIR

Have the right part available for the repair when needed



RIGHT INSTRUCTIONS

Have the instructions to repair/operate equipment readily available



An integrated vision that delivers top maintenance operational performance and gets smarter with time

Connected Honeywell Components

(APU, ECU, Wheels & Brakes, ECS, Mechanical)

Aircraft-wide maintenance log analytics, and diagnostic reasoning

Performance Based Contracts, and asset tracking

Ground Operations

Ground Operations

Maintenance Advisor

Connected APU Case Study

Explore Phase: A330 Root Cause Analysis

- Identified all root causes for APU disruptions (operations and service) from MEL events:
- 60 A330 in fleet
 - 16 Mo. of Ops
 - 90K Flight Sectors
 - 327K Mx Tech Log Entries
 - 13k APU Perf. Reports
 - 570 APU Auto – Shutdown Reports
 - 1.6M Flight Data Records
 - 44k Fault Messages
 - 3k ATA 49 Events
 - 151 HON shop removal records
 - 88 Route geo-locations

Investigate Phase: Quantified MEL Reduction Analysis

Deliver a report in 8 weeks forecasting performance improvement using GoDirect Connected Maintenance Service.

40%
REDUCTION
MEL Sectors

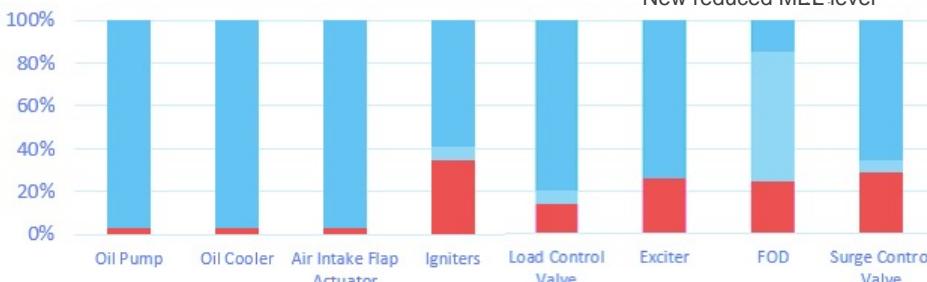
51%
REDUCTION
IN DELAY
MINUTES

14
AVOIDED
COMPONENT
REPLACEMENTS

1%
FALSE
REMOVAL
RATE

Final Results: Significant Reduction in APU MELs

A330
APU MEL Flights



CONNECTED MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS

Connected APU

WHAT IT IS

Connected APU leverages existing aircraft data along with maintenance and shop records to provide a predictive and smart diagnostics solution.

KEY PROBLEM SOLVED

- Reduces APU related disruptions on MEL flights
- Reduces maintenance costs & delays

HOW IT WORKS

- Big data analytics approach
- Leverage AC data, operational Data, and shop data
- Generate reports to predict LRU failures

CUSTOMERS

Cathay Pacific A330
Hainan A330
Unannounced A320
Unannounced 777 (results 30-40% reduction in MELs)
Unannounced 737

FUTURE FEATURES & TIMING

- Available on A330, A320 & B777
- In development on B737NG launching Q1 2018

Improve aircraft availability through faster maintenance execution

Current State

Maintenance Execution



Line mechanics spend 25%* of their repair time reading maintenance manuals



High NFF rates result from shotgun maintenance at the line



Maintenance manuals provide static recommendations



Analytics on the execution of maintenance actions are unavailable

GoDirect™ Connected Maintenance

SAVE TIME

SEARCHING MAINTENANCE MANUALS FOR THE RIGHT INSTRUCTIONS

REDUCE NFF

BY EMPOWERING LINE TECHNICIANS WITH FASTER SEARCH TOOLS

MINE DATA & IMPROVE

CORRECTIVE ACTIONS w/ MAINTENANCE LOG ANALYSIS

CAPTURE MORE DATA

TO CONTINUALLY IMPROVE MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS

CONNECTED MAINTENANCE

Maintenance Advisor

WHAT IT IS

- Connected mobile + cloud platform designed to transform maintenance operations using advanced computing techniques and artificial intelligence

KEY PROBLEM SOLVED

- Increases aircraft availability by reducing maintenance execution times and digitally transforming maintenance operations.

HOW IT WORKS

- Advises line mechanics on which troubleshooting steps to follow, steps them through the right instructions, and captures and shares that information for reporting and communication with other stakeholders.
- Maintenance manuals are ingested into an advanced cognitive computer system, allowing simple natural language queries of any information in the entire set of maintenance manuals and delivery of step-by-step instructions from the manual via mobile or hands-free equipment.

CUSTOMERS

Platform is trial in progress, go live date is Q1 2018

FUTURE FEATURES & TIMING

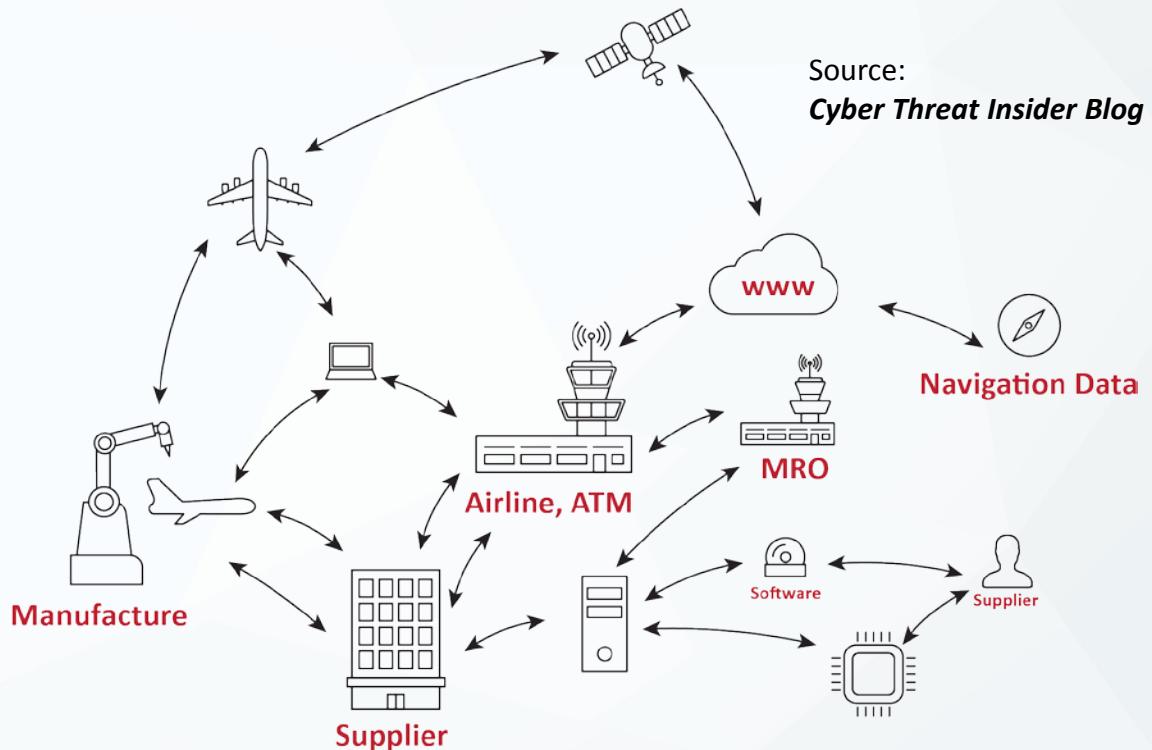
- Presently we have developed the technology to ingest the maintenance manuals and perform natural language searches. Integration of the platform is underway. Step-by-step mobile interfaces and integrated stakeholder dashboards are future items.



Cognitive Security

Threat Vector Space for Aviation

- Host Level Protection
- Network Firewall
- Network Intrusion Detection System
- Information Systems Continuous Monitoring
- Security Information Event Management
- Vulnerability Scanning
- Boundary Protections
- OS Standard
- Cyber Risk Assessment
- Tabletop Mission Cyber Risk Assessment
- Supply Chain Risk Management (Trusted Networks & Systems)



Threat Vectors

Viruses

Worms

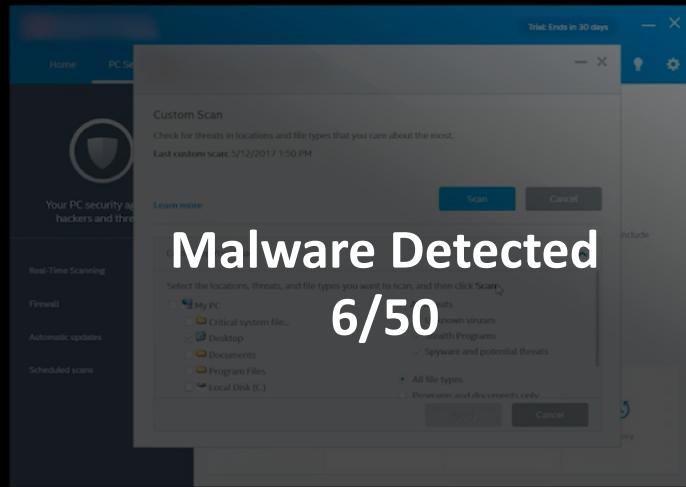
Trojans

Ransomware

Password Trojans

Backdoors

Rootkits



Traditional Signature Based Security



NAME	CONFIDENCE	COUNT	SHAI	DETCTED
mips64el-linux-android-c...	2	2	D5800CBD...	5/12/2017
python2.7.exe	2	2	D60302B6...	5/12/2017
3636.tmp.exe	1	1	D41A25AE...	5/12/2017
3a3ccde3fc58c67ba5e351fc562.e...	1	1	3A3CDE3F...	5/12/2017
adb.exe	1	1	5098A117...	5/12/2017

Cognitive Anti Malware

Cognitive Security



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Wrap-up and Closing

Thank you to our Sponsor

Deloitte.

