1. Summary of changes implemented in WSG 9

1.1 Improvements to the capacity and demand analysis process

Changes and improvements in the capacity and demand analysis process and the role of airports in conducting the process.

1.2 Availability of data by facilitators and coordinators. WSG sections 5.5.1.c, 8.6.2, 9.3.2 and 9.9.6

Provisions introduced to the WSG to improve availability and transparency of slot and scheduling data to airlines and airports.

SECTION	TYPE OF CHANGE	AMENDMENT	EFFECTIVE
5.5.1.c	WSG Strategic Review change	The coordinator will: c) Make available to the airlines, <u>and to the</u> <u>airport managing body, as soon as SALs are</u> <u>distributed</u> , ideally in SSIM Chapter 6 format and by online means , a list s of slots allocated, remaining slots available and the reasons why slots were not allocated as requested. <u>This</u> <u>information should ideally be in SSIM Chapter</u> <u>6 format and accessible by online means</u> .	1 January 2019
6.1.1	WSG Strategic Review change	The airport managing body or other competent body shall ensure that should regularly conduct a thorough demand and capacity analysis, using commonly recognized <u>best practice</u> methods, is regularly <u>conducted</u> . In particular, demand and capacity should be assessed The analysis should be <u>completed in a timely manner to enable an official</u> <u>capacity declaration for each IATA season. At a</u> <u>minimum the analysis should be conducted</u> whenever there are significant changes in airport infrastructure, operational practices, or patterns of demand.	1 January 2019
6.1.2	WSG Strategic Review change	The analysis should objectively consider the ability of the airport infrastructure to accommodate demand at desired applicable service levels of service, such as queue times, levels of congestion or and delay, while taking into account relevant airspace limitations set by local ATC authorities. The This analysis should provide all relevant capacity limits of the runway(s), apron, terminal(s) and other assume that the airport facilities as deemed necessary. are being managed efficiently and are fully staffed.	1 January 2019
6.1.3	WSG Strategic Review change	The analysis should determine any infrastructure, operational, or environmental constraints that prevent demand being satisfied. <u>The airport</u> <u>managing body should and identify evaluate</u> options <u>in consultation with responsible parties</u> for overcoming such shortages through infrastructure, operational or policy changes and improvements <u>, in</u> <u>accordance with the respective legal framework</u> , <u>where applicable</u> .	1 January 2019
6.1.4	WSG Strategic Review change	The results of the domand and capacity analysis should be made available to <u>all relevant stakeholders</u> <u>including where applicable the members of the</u> <u>Coordination Committee well in advance of seasonal</u> <u>meetings.</u> interested parties in order to encourage cooperation and to alleviate and resolve any constraints on domand.	1 January 2019

		Ideally coordinators should have slot series usage	1 January 2019
8.6.2	New section	information available online, so airlines can check	i January 2015
0.0.2		their own slot series usage for all their own flights	
		anytime during a season. It nonetheless remains the	
		sole responsibility of the airline to monitor the usage	
		of their slot series.	
		Coordinators and facilitators must make the	1 January 2019
9.3.2	WSG Strategic	following information available to the airport	
	Review	managing body and to all airlines operating or	
	Review	planning to operate at the airports they coordinate:	
	change	a) The exercited perspectate for the payt essent	
		a) The coordination parameters for the next season,	
		for all constrained components of an airport's	
		infrastructure, such as runways, taxiways, aircraft	
		parking stands, gates, terminal capacity (check-in, security, baggage reclaim, etc.), and	
		security, baggage reclaim, etc.), and environmental constraints (for example, night	
		restrictions); and	
		b) The actual utilization of declared capacity and	
		how full or close to full the airport is on a typical	
		busy week of the most recent summer and winter seasons. This data should be as detailed as	
		possible to illustrate in graphic form the schedule	
		limitations at the airport for each coordination	
		parameter and indicate which hours may or may	
		not be congested or full.	1. January 2010
9.9.6	WSC Stratagia	As soon as all SALs are distributed for an their	1 January 2019
9.9.0	WSG Strategic	<u>airport(s)</u> , coordinators and facilitators must make	
	Review	the data for that airport available to all airlines, and to	
		the airport managing body. This data must contain	
		full details by airline of all allocated times and	
		outstanding requests and be up to date at the time of the request. The data should be available on the	
		coordinator's or facilitator's website to facilitate	
		access. If website access is not available, the	
		coordinator or facilitator must make the data	
		available to airlines and to the airport managing body	
		upon request. <u>Airlines should use SIR format as</u>	
		described in SSIM Chapter 6 for these requests and	
		the data should be provided to them in SIR format	
		using the recognized message formats, including	
		waitlist tags, as described in SSIM Chapter 6.	

2. Summary of changes implemented in WSG 10

2.1 Enhanced New Entrant definition, Chapter 11

The new entrant rule ensures the WSG process is pro-competition and enables access at congested airports. The rule has been enhanced from a threshold of 'less than 5 slots' to be classified as a new entrant, to 'less than 7 slots' on the day requested. This expansion of the definition means options to compete are increased across all airline model types and strategies.

2.2 Primary criteria for initial coordination, WSG article 8.3 and definition of Slot pool

The allocation criteria in the WSG is changed to place retime requests (or other changes to historic slots) and new slot requests at the same priority, with 50% of slots in the pool to be allocated to new-entrant requests and the remainder to non-new-entrant requests. This ensures that all available capacity is allocated in as efficient manner as possible by considering all requests concurrently – which in the process of coordination allows the maximum benefits to be realised. In short, all types of requests are treated equally, across the day:

- The priority for retiming has been lowered to be on par with new requests
- There is no distinction between existing capacity and new capacity
- Stipulate that 50% of the pool must go to new entrants and the other 50% must go to non-new-entrants (if there are sufficient requests from each group to make up 50%).

Definition of Slot pool enhanced in Chapter 11.

2.3 Communication of Business Plans, WSG article 10.6

Introduction of a new process outlining how both airports and airlines can communicate their strategic intentions to the coordinator, who will be therefore better informed to make their allocation decisions. It is however stressed that this communication should not be used to influence the non-discriminatory and neutral outcomes of slot

2.4 Enhancements to demand and capacity management ,WSG section 5.4 and 5.5

Strengthening the importance for regular and thorough demand and capacity analysis by the airport managing body or other competent authority to ensure the timely capacity declaration for each season.

2.5 Improvements to the capacity declaration process, WSG Chapter 6 and WSG section 10.3 and definition of Coordination parameters

The main objective is to underline the role and responsibility of airports to consult the Coordination Committee and other relevant stakeholders on the results of the capacity analysis after which the coordination parameters are declared. Additional clarifications were made to the process of moving from one airport level to another and enhancements to the process of planned and unplanned capacity reduction. Definition of Coordination parameters enhanced in Chapter 11.

2.6 Role of the Coordination Committee, WSG article 5.6

Enhancements and clarifications of Coordination Committee role and responsibility and to emphasize the importance. Definition of the Coordination Committee outlined in Chapter 11.

2. 7 Slot Performance Monitoring, WSG Chapter 9, Annex 11.8

Introduction of a comprehensive slot performance monitoring processes and a set of new and enhanced slot performance monitoring standards that were introduced in the dedicated chapter 9 of WSG edition 10 with the objective to reinforce this process as an essential element of airport slot coordination. Definition of the Slot Performance Committee outlined in Chapter 11.

SECTION	TYPE OF CHANGE	AMENDMENT	EFFECTIVE
5.4.1	WSG Strategic Review	The airport managing body or other competent body should ensure that <u>attempt to reach agreement on</u> <u>the</u> appropriate coordination parameters are agreed with <u>members of the Coordination Committee and</u> <u>relevant</u> stakeholders and . The coordination <u>parameters should be</u> updated twice each year <u>– in</u> <u>conjunction with the IATA seasons</u> . Where airport constraints persist, the airport managing body should examine its <u>the</u> capacity and implement the necessary capacity enhancements to allow for a re- designation to Level 2 or Level 1 at the earliest opportunity.	1 August 2019
5.4.2	WSG Strategic Review	After consultation with the <u>Coordination Committee</u> , the airport managing body or other competent body must inform the coordinator of any capacity changes <u>decide</u> and of <u>provide</u> the coordination parameters , <u>to the coordinator not later than 7 days before the</u> <u>Initial Submission Deadline</u> . The coordinator will in turn inform the airlines . This declaration must be completed at least 7 days before the Initial <u>Submission Deadline for each SC</u> .	1 August 2019
5.4.3	WSG Strategic Review	The airport managing body or other competent body should provide relevant information to the coordinator in order to assist in applying the additional criteria for slot allocation given in 8.4.1 b), e) d), e), and e f), relating to the type of service and market, competition, and requirements of the travelling public and other users.	1 August 2019
5.4.4	WSG Strategic Review	The airport managing body should fulfil its role in the slot monitoring process, as described in section 9 of these guidelines.	1 August 2019
5.5.1 b	WSG Strategic Review	Make available to interested parties <u>relevant</u> <u>stakeholders</u> details of the applicable coordination parameters, local guidelines and regulations, and any other criteria used in the allocation of slots, at least 7 days before the Initial Submission Deadline for each SC, where possible.	1 August 2019
5.5.1 f	WSG Strategic Review	Monitor planned and actual use of slots to identify any possible instances of intentional misuse of slots, and initiate a dialogue with the airline or aircraft operator concerned.	1 August 2019
		Perform slot monitoring, as described in section 9 of these guidelines.	

5.6.1	WSG Strategic	The <u>Coordination Committee</u> is established at a Level 3 airport to advise the coordinator on matters relating	1 August 2019
	Review	to capacity, slot allocation, and monitoring the use of slots at the airport <u>. Sub-groups of the Coordination</u> <u>Committee, such as a Slot Performance Committee,</u> <u>can be used to focus on specific functions of the</u> <u>Coordination Committee, or topics of topical</u> <u>relevance.</u>	

5.6.2	WSG Strategic	T I		
			al tasks of the Coordination Committee	
	Review	are to:	Advise on the nearlihilities of adjusting	
		a)	Advise on the possibilities of adjusting the capacity of the airport;	
		b)	Provide a body to which airport capacity	
		D)	providers (such as ANSPs or airport	
			managing bodies) should communicate	
			the methods used for determining	
			<u>coordination parameters;</u>	
		c)	Consult on capacity and coordination	
		_,	parameters, on which slot allocation are	
			based;	
		d)	Advise on ways of achieving a better	
			utilization of the capacity available;	
		e)	Mediate in case of complaints from	
			airlines or other aircraft operators related	
			to slot allocation or slot monitoring which	
			cannot be resolved between the airline or	
			other aircraft operator and the	
			coordinator in a mutually agreeable way;	
		f)	Consider any problems related to	
			transparency or sharing of data;	
		g)	Consider any serious problems for new	
			entrants at the airport concerned;	
		h)	Oversee the activities of the sub-groups	
			of the Coordination Committee, such as a	
			<u>Slot Performance Committee, where</u> these exist;	
		i)	Advise the coordinator on methods and	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	parameters of slot monitoring, where a	
			Slot Performance Committee does not	
			exist;	
		j)	Advise on local guidelines for	
			coordination and communicate matters	
			related to local guidelines to its members;	
		k)	Review development projects that are	
			being undertaken at the airport that may	
			impact coordination parameters and	
			communicate (alongside other channels	
			such as Airport Operator Committees) on	
		n	such projects; and	
		I)	Liaise and consult with other entities,	
			such as Civil Aviation Authorities,	
			governments, or regulators, to the extent that such entities are involved in the	
			setting of coordination parameters.	
			setting of coordination parameters.	1 August 2019

r		March and the full of the distant of the state of the sta	
5.6.3	WSG Strategic	Membership of the Coordination Committee is open	1 August 2019
3.0.3	woo Strategic	to all airlines using the airport regularly and their representative organizations, the airport managing	1 August 2019
	Review	body, air traffic control authorities <u>, and</u>	
		representatives of general/business aviation (where	
		relevant). Airlines and other aircraft operators willing	
		to operate, but not yet operating, at the airport can	
		attend the meetings of the Coordination Committee	
		as observers. The representatives shall have the	
		adequate knowledge, expertise, and mandates to	
		serve on the Coordination Committee. Preferably, the	
		composition is tailored to the specific items to be	
		discussed, and in most cases a registered delegate	
		who attends the IATA Slot Conference is the	
		preferred representative from their organization. The	
		coordinator attends all meetings as an observer	
		The board of the Coordination Committee shall be	
5.6.4	WSG Strategic	selected periodically, for a fixed period. The	1 August 2019
	Review	chairperson (and vice-chairperson, if one exists) shall	
	Review	have no specific interest in any of the possible results	
		of the functions of the Coordination Committee.	
F A F		It is recommended that the airport managing body	4 4
5.6.5	WSG Strategic	appoints a secretary of the Coordination Committee	1 August 2019
	Review	who shall be responsible for the planning and	
		minuting of meetings.	
		Ideally, meetings of the Coordination Committee	
5.6.5	Moved to 5.6.6	should be conducted in English.	1 August 2019
		Meetings of the Coordination Committee should be	
5.6.6	WSG Strategic	held at least once per year, as well as when required	1 August 2019
	•	to review the coordination parameters on a seasonal	.
	Review	basis or when <u>to review planned</u> changes in policy or	
		capacity are planned which could significantly affect	
		coordination. <u>Ideally, meetings of the Coordination</u>	
		Committee should be conducted in English.	

		The Coordination Committee should establish terms	
5.6.8	WSG Strategic	of reference governing its operations. A regular	1 August 2019
5.0.0	Woo otrategie	review of the terms of reference is recommended to	T August 2015
	Review	ensure they are still compliant and updated as	
		required. Ideally, the terms of reference should	
		address:	
		a) The objectives of the Coordination	
		Committee;	
		b) <u>Membership;</u>	
		c) <u>Responsibilities of the members;</u>	
		d) <u>Frequency of meetings;</u>	
		e) The process for hearing complaints and	
		addressing problems for new entrants;	
		f) <u>Sub-groups;</u>	
		g) The process for changing the terms of	
		reference;	
		h) <u>The process for dissolution of the</u>	
		<u>Coordination Committee;</u>	
		i) Whether a quorum will be required for	
		meetings of the Coordination Committee,	
		and if so, the process to follow if quorum	
		is not met;	
		j) <u>Costs and expenses; and</u>	
		k) <u>The language of operation of the</u>	
		Coordination Committee.	
		The Coordination Committee will fulfil its role in the	
5.6.9	WSG Strategic	slot monitoring process, as described in section 9 of	1 August 2019
	Review	these guidelines.	
	I CVICW		
		The airport managing body or other competent body	
6.1.1	WSG Strategic	shall ensure that a thorough demand and capacity	1 August 2019
	Review	analysis, using commonly recognized best practice	
		methods, is regularly conducted. The analysis should	
		be completed in a timely manner to enable an official	
		capacity declaration for <u>coordination for</u> each IATA	
		season. At a minimum the capacity analysis should be	
		conducted whenever there are significant changes in	
		airport infrastructure, operational practices, or	
		patterns of demand.	
		The capacity analysis should objectively consider the	
6.1.2	WSG Strategic	ability of the airport infrastructure to accommodate	1 August 2019
		demand at applicable service levels, such as queue	y
	Review	times, levels of congestion, and delay, while taking	
		into account relevant airspace limitations set by local	
		ATC authorities. This analysis should provide all	
	1	relevant capacity limits of the runway(s), apron,	
		terminal(s), and other airport facilities as deemed necessary.	

6.2.1	WSG Strategic Review	The airport managing body or other competent body should consult the Coordination Committee and other relevant stakeholders on the results of the capacity analysis after which the coordination parameters are declared. This should be done well in advance of each IATA season and be made available to all relevant stakeholders.	1 August 2019
6.2.2	WSG Strategic Review	The coordination parameters represent the maximum capacity available for allocation considering the functional limitations at the airport such as runway, apron, terminal, airspace, and environmental restrictions.	1 August 2019
6.2.3	WSG Strategic Review	Coordination parameters establish the scheduling limits that can be coordinated or facilitated in a specified period of time.	1 August 2019
6.2.4	WSG Strategic Review	Coordination parameters should be reviewed by the Coordination Committee and other relevant stakeholders prior to making any changes.	1 August 2019
6.2.5	WSG Strategic Review	Coordination parameters should be provided to the coordinator or facilitator as soon as they are declared but not later than 7 days before the Initial Submission Deadline.	1 August 2019
6.3.3 b	WSG Strategic Review	All interested parties <u>relevant stakeholders</u> have been fully consulted on the analysis and the proposed change of level, and their views have been taken into account.	1 August 2019
6.4.1 a	WSG Strategic Review	Demand <u>There is a risk that demand</u> for airport infrastructure <u>may</u> significantly exceed the airport's capacity during the relevant period;	1 August 2019
6.4.3	WSG Strategic Review	 A change in level should only occur after the responsible authority has ensured that: a) A full and thorough demand and capacity analysis has been undertaken, assessing the factors specified in 6.3 <u>4</u>.1; and b) All <u>interested parties relevant stakeholders</u> have been fully consulted on the analysis and the proposed change of level, and their views have been taken into account. 	1 August 2019
6.6.1 b	WSG Strategic Review	All interested parties <u>relevant stakeholders</u> have been fully consulted on the analysis and the proposed change of level, and their views have been taken into account.	1 August 2019
6.6.2	Editorial	IATA-Management monitors all coordinated airports to identify opportunities to reduce the number of coordinated airports	1 August 2019

6.8.1	WSG Strategic Review	When a change in level is decided, the responsible authority must ensure that all interested parties (airlines, airport managing body, governments relevant stakeholders and IATA are notified of the decision to change the level of the airport. In any event, notification Notification of an airport level change should be made no later than 1 April for the next winter season and 1 September for the next summer season.	1 August 2019
6.9.1	WSG Strategic Review	The coordination parameters are reviewed twice each year by <u>relevant</u> stakeholders, normally at meetings of the <u>Coordination Committee</u> or an equivalent representative body. This review must occur in good time so that a timely manner to allow the declaration of coordination parameters can be made at least <u>well</u> <u>in advance of each IATA season but no later than</u> 7 days before the Initial Submission Deadline for each SC .	1 August 2019
6.10.1	WSG Strategic Review	A- <u>If a planned capacity</u> reduction in capacity from <u>is</u> <u>unavoidable</u> the previous equivalent season should be avoided wherever possible. The Coordination Committee and airlines operating at <u>must be</u> <u>consulted during</u> the airport must be consulted <u>decision process and</u> as soon as possible before any reduction of capacity occurs. In any case <u>all cases</u> , airlines' historic slots must be honored. The coordinator, or other competent body, must communicate the capacity change to all interested parties at least <u>relevant stakeholders well in advance</u> <u>of each IATA season but not later than</u> 7 days before the Initial Submission Deadline for the SC.	1 August 2019
6.10.2	WSG Strategic Review	Unplanned capacity reductions may occur which are impossible to discuss in advance with the <u>Coordination Committee</u> . If the reduction is ongoing, however, the Coordination Committee must be consulted as soon as possible regarding the impact of the ongoing reduction on future operations. In all cases, airlines' historic slots must be honored.	1 August 2019
6.10.3	WSG Strategic Review	A capacity reduction after the Initial Submission Deadline, or a <u>capacity</u> reduction to a level that cannot accommodate established historic slots must be avoided <u>except</u> in all but the most exceptional circumstances.	1 August 2019
7.1.1 g	WSG Strategic Review	Planned operating times are based on the planned on-block (arrival) and off-block (departure) times. Actual times of arrival and departure may vary due to operational factors.	1 August 2019

7.5.2	WSG Strategic Review	In particular, flights that an airline does not intend to operate should be returned in accordance with the <u>Calendar of Coordination Activities</u> , by the deadline of 15 January (summer) and 15 August (winter). <u>Series</u> <u>Return Deadline.</u>	1 August 2019
8.1.1	WSG Strategic Review	Slot times are based on the planned on-block (arrival) and off-block (departure) times. Actual times of arrival and departure may vary due to operational factors.	1 August 2019
8.1.1 n	WSG Strategic Review	Monitoring of the use of allocated slots should be performed in a timely manner by the coordinator at a Level 3 airport.	1 August 2019
8.3.1	WSG Strategic Review	When developing a slot allocation plan for the SC based on initial submissions by airlines, coordinators should, <u>in accordance with the coordination</u> parameters, apply the following priorities	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season
8.3.2.1	WSG Strategic Review	The first priority of slot allocation is historic slots.	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season
8.3.3	WSG Strategic Review	Changes to Historic Slots	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season
8.3.3.1	WSG Strategic Review	Changes to a historic slot should have priority over new requests for the same slot within the capacity available.	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season

8.3.2.1	WSG Strategic Review	The first priority of slot allocation is historic slots requested as unchanged or with changes that do not impact the coordination parameters (for example, a change in flight number). These slot requests are referred to herein as unchanged historic slots. For changes to historic slots that impact the coordination parameters (for example, a change in timing), airlines and other aircraft operators should clearly indicate the range of flexibility they are prepared to accept (if any) using the appropriate industry codes and format in their submission. For any requested changes that cannot be allocated within the applicable flexibility range, the coordinator should reallocate the unchanged historic slots to the airline or other aircraft operator concerned.	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season
8.3.3.1	WSG Strategic Review	Once historic slots and changes to <u>unchanged</u> historic slots have been allocated, the coordinator will establish a slot pool, including any newly created slots.	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season
8.3.3.2	WSG Strategic Review	The coordinator will treat new entrant requests, non- new-entrant requests, and requests for changes to historic slots holistically and fairly across the day, using primary and, if necessary, additional criteria for initial slot allocation set forth in these guidelines.	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season
8.3.3.3	WSG Strategic Review	50% of the slots contained in the pool at initial slot allocation must be allocated to new entrants, unless <u>entrant</u> requests by in accordance with 8.3.4 below, unless new entrants <u>entrant requests</u> are less than 50%. The coordinator will treat requests Similarly, 50% of new entrants and other airlines fairly, in accordance with the coordination parameters across slots contained in the day. pool at initial slot allocation <u>must be allocated to non-new-entrant requests,</u> <u>unless such requests are less than 50%.</u>	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season
8.3.3.4	WSG Strategic Review	Where this 50/50 balance is not achievable in a single season (for example, where there is a very limited number of slots available in the pool), the coordinator should correct this imbalance over the next equivalent season (or seasons, if that is not possible) to ensure that the pool is allocated equitably to both new entrants and non-new-entrants.	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season

8.3.4.1	WSG Strategic Review	Only airlines are eligible for new entrant status.	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season
8.3.4.2	WSG Strategic Review	Slots available in the pool are allocated to airlines requesting a slot, using the criteria set out in 8.3.5, 8.3.6 and 8.4 below.	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season
8.3.5.1	WSG Strategic Review	Within each category (<u>new entrant requests, non-new-entrant requests, and requests for</u> changes to historic slots , allocations to new entrants and other allocations from the slot pool), a request to extend an existing operation to operate on a year-round basis should have priority over a new slot request.	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season
8.3.5.3	WSG Strategic Review	In allocating slots among new entrants, the priority for Year Round Operations (8.3.6) and the Additional Criteria for Slot Allocation (8.4) will apply.	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season

		SLOT MONITORING?	
9.1 WSG Strategic Review	9.1.1.	Slot monitoring is the continuous process of reconciling the operations of airlines and other aircraft operators to the slots allocated by the coordinator at a Level 3 airport. This is one of the methods available to ensure the most efficient use of airport infrastructure.	
	9.1.2.	 <u>There are two phases of slot monitoring:</u> pre-operation and post-operation analysis. a) <u>Pre-operation analysis is a</u> recommended process that will help identify and prevent potential slot misuse prior to the day of operation. 	Effective
		 b) Post-operation analysis will help determine whether misuse of slots has occurred and whether airlines achieve historic precedence for the following equivalent season. 	starting with the coordination of the Winter 2019/2020 season
	9.1.3.	Role of the Airline or Other Aircraft Operator: Airlines and other aircraft operators must ensure that their operations at a Level 3 airport are in accordance with the slots allocated to them, and that the necessary slot adjustments are requested in a timely manner. They should also review their own performance and identify corrective actions where necessary, prior to intervention from coordinators. When the coordinator notifies the airline or other aircraft operator of potential misuse, the airline or other aircraft operator must respond in a timely manner and, if appropriate, take corrective action as soon as is practicable.	
	9.1.4.	Role of the Airport Managing Body: The airport managing body shall provide, in a timely manner, all of the information and data necessary for the coordinator to perform required slot monitoring duties. It should also monitor the overall performance of the airport and should highlight any potential misuse of slots to the coordinator.	Effective starting with the coordination of
	9.1.5.	Role of the Coordinator: Coordinators shall perform slot monitoring, warn of discrepancies and request corrective	the Winter 2019/2020 season

		KEY PRINCIPLES OF SLOT MONITORING	
9.2	WSG Strategic	9.2.1 The key principles of slot monitoring are as	
	Review	follows: a) <u>Slot monitoring is intended to:</u>	
		i. <u>Ensure that operations at a Level 3 airport are</u> in accordance with the slots as allocated;	
		ii. <u>Ensure that slots are used in line with the Use</u> <u>It or Lose It rule;</u>	
		iii. <u>Help ensure scarce capacity is not wasted;</u>	
		iv. <u>Help ensure the smooth operation of airports</u> for all stakeholders; and	
		v. <u>Prevent the misuse of slots.</u>	
		b) <u>Slot monitoring involves both pre-operation and</u> <u>post-operation analysis.</u>	Effective
		c) <u>Slot monitoring is applicable to all types of</u> <u>operations that require slots at a Level 3 airport.</u>	starting with the
		d) <u>Slot monitoring is a continuous process which</u> <u>allows sufficient advance notice for corrective</u> <u>action to take place.</u>	coordination of the Winter 2019/2020 season
		e) <u>Slot monitoring requires accurate and reliable data</u> provided – in a timely manner and in the agreed format – ideally by the airport managing body or by other relevant stakeholders as needed.	
		 f) <u>Slot times are based on the coordinated on-block</u> (arrival) and off-block (departure) times. Actual times of arrival and departure may vary due to operational factors. 	
		g) <u>The investigation of potential misuse of slots</u> <u>should be based on data analysis.</u>	
		 h) <u>Coordinators should enter into dialogue with</u> <u>airlines and other aircraft operators about</u> <u>correcting apparent misuse of slots at the earliest</u> <u>possible opportunity.</u> 	
		i) <u>Continued slot misuse after dialogue with the</u> <u>coordinator may result in enforcement actions as</u> <u>described in this section.</u>	
		j) <u>Coordinators may consult relevant stakeholders</u> (such as the Coordination Committee, Slot Performance Committee, the airport managing body, or air traffic control) to review the findings of slot monitoring.	
		k) <u>The Slot Performance Committee may also</u> provide advice to the relevant stakeholder	

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	regarding actions which may be taken to improve	
	airport performance where sanctions or other	Effective
	enforcement measures are not applicable.	starting with
	I) Certain types of ad hoc flights may be subject to	the
	special local slot monitoring procedures.	coordination of
	9.2.2 Misuse of Slots: The following actions are	the Winter
	deemed a misuse of slots:	2019/2020
	a) Operating at a Level 3 airport without an allocated	season
	<u>slot;</u>	
	b) Operating a flight at a significantly different time	
	from the allocated slot.	
	c) <u>Operating a flight in a significantly different way to</u>	
	the allocated slot – including a different service	
	type, aircraft subtype, aircraft capacity, or	
	origin/destination – without the prior confirmation	
	of the coordinator as set out in 8.10;	
	d) <u>Holding slots that the airline or other aircraft</u>	
	operator does not intend to operate, transfer,	
	swap, or use in a shared operation;	
	e) <u>Holding slots for an operation other than that</u>	
	planned for the purpose of denying capacity to	
	another airline or aircraft operator;	
	 f) <u>Requesting new slots that the airline or other</u> aircraft operator does not intend to operate; 	
	g) <u>Requesting slots for an operation other than that</u>	
	indicated, with the intention of gaining improved	
	priority; or	
	h) Where applicable, operating in curfew or another	
	restricted operations period without holding an	
	allocated slot for that period.	
	9.2.3 In some instances, operational disruption or	
	legitimate changes of plans may appear to be slot	
	misuse. Communication between the coordinator and	
	the airline or other aircraft operator is vital to	
	understand the reasons for potential misuse.	

		PRE-OPERATION ANALYSIS	
9.3	WSG Strategic		
	Review	9.3.1. Coordinators may seek to prevent slot misuse by undertaking pre-operation analysis, a recommended process involving conformity checks before the day of operation.	
		9.3.2. Pre-operation analysis is a continuous process that:	
		a) Uses objective, transparent, and non- discriminatory criteria;	
		b) Should be adapted to the specific needs of the airport and types of traffic involved;	
		<u>c)</u> Should be timely and simple to calculate and administer; and	
		<u>d) Considers advice given by the Coordination</u> <u>Committee or Slot Performance Committee.</u>	Effective starting with the
		9.3.3. This process requires the coordinator to have the right data in the agreed format available in a timely manner in order to complete its analysis. Airport managing bodies, airlines, and other aircraft operators shall provide the data requested by the coordinator, in the format agreed between the parties, for this purpose.	coordination of the Winter 2019/2020 season
		9.3.4. Coordinators shall also check published data sources such as:	
		a) airline or travel agency websites, global distribution systems, or tickets;	
		b) airport or ground handling data from airports at each end of the route concerned; or	
		c) peer comparison (i.e., the performance of other operators using similar equipment and on similar routings, giving adequate consideration for the limitations of comparisons where the equipment and routings are not identical).	
		9.3.5. When the coordinator identifies a discrepancy between the published data and the allocated slot, the coordinator should communicate this to the airline or other aircraft operator to allow it to take corrective actions to avoid possible slot misuse.	
		9.3.6. Despite the pre-operation analysis process, the responsibility to avoid slot misuse remains with the airline or other aircraft operator. The pre- operation analysis process is not a prerequisite for a coordinator to take action for potential slot misuse as part of the post-operation analysis, below.	

		POST-OPERATION ANALYSIS	
9.4	WSG Strategic	9.4.1. Data Comparison	
	Review	9.4.1.1 The airport managing body shall provide to the coordinator a list of flown operations, in a timely manner and in the agreed format. The data supplied should include the scheduled time, the actual on/off block times, the flight number, destination, aircraft type, service type, number of seats, and any other necessary data requested by the coordinator.	
		9.4.1.2 Where actual on/off block time data is unavailable, landing and take-off times shall be provided by the airport managing body, with a recommended taxi time adjustment as an estimate for the on/off block times. Variations in taxi times may affect the accuracy of the matching process, and caution must be used when not using actual on/off block times.	
		 9.4.1.3 The coordinator shall match the actual operations to the allocated slots, creating a matched data set. This process should be done on a regular basis throughout the season. 9.4.1.4 The coordinator may use similar additional data sources to identify potential slot misuse, such as ATC flight plans. 	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2019/2020 season
		 9.4.1.5 Flights operated in accordance with the allocated slots will be credited towards the granting of historic precedence. 9.4.1.6 Discrepancies detected in the matched data set will then be investigated as part of the slot 	
		performance process. 9.4.2. Slot Performance Process	
		9.4.2.1 The coordinator should then analyse the discrepancies in the matched data set created under the data comparison process to identify potential slot misuse.	
		9.4.2.2 Coordinators should rely on data analysis to demonstrate potential slot misuse with the aim of targeting only the most obvious and impactful cases of potential slot misuse for further action. Best practice guidelines on the use of data analysis in the slot performance process may be found in Annex 11.8	
		9.4.2.3 Where potential slot misuse is identified, the coordinator should then enter into coordinator-airline dialogue. 9.4.2.4 The coordinator should avoid seeking unnecessary explanations regarding minor	
		operational deviations. In analysing whether the deviation represents potential misuse, the coordinator should consider, for example:	

 a) whether the deviation is a result of an obvious operational disruption (for example, known events of extreme weather, or strikes); b) whether the deviation is within a reasonable tolerance, indicating normal operational variability rather than potential slot misuse; and c) whether the deviation is part of a pattern of repeated off-slot operations, departing from normal operational variability. 	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2019/2020 season
9.4.3. Coordinator-Airline Dialogue	
 9.4.3.1 Having identified evidence of potential slot misuse, the coordinator should then contact the airline or other aircraft operator concerned, in writing. This message should request an explanation for the discrepancy and any proposed corrective action the airline or other aircraft operator plans to take. A reasonable deadline for response must be given, and all dialogue with the airline must conclude before the Agreed Historics Deadline for the subsequent equivalent season. 9.4.3.2 Coordinators should try to identify slot performance issues as soon as possible and contact the airline or other aircraft operator concerned in a timely manner, giving it the opportunity to take corrective action during the current season. 9.4.3.3 If an adequate explanation is provided or appropriate corrective action is taken by the airline or other aircraft operator. 9.4.3.4 If the airline or other aircraft operator. 9.4.4.1 If the airline enforcement action. 9.4.4.1 If the airline-coordinator dialogue process is unsuccessful, enforcement action shall be considered for intentional or repeated slot misuse. 	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2019/2020 season
When deciding whether to pursue any enforcementaction, in accordance with these guidelines andapplicable law, the coordinator should considerwhether the slot misuse was:a)following a warning issued as part of the pre-operation analysis process;b)a first occurrence or part of a pattern ofmisuse;	

c) part of a series of slots or an ad hoc operation; or	
<u>d) likely to impact the airport, ATC operations, or</u> <u>other airlines</u>	
9.4.4.2 Enforcement actions for intentional or repeated slot misuse may include:	
a) Referral of the matter to the airport's Coordination Committee or other competent body;	
b) Loss of historic precedence for the series of slots involved in the next equivalent season;	
c) A lower priority for that airline for new future slot requests in the next equivalent season;	
d) Withdrawal of the series of slots involved for the remaining portion of the current season; or	
e) Sanctions (including financial sanctions) under applicable law.	
9.4.4.3 There are circumstances where slot misuse is initially not deemed intentional but may become intentional during the season if the airline or other aircraft operator concerned does not take effective corrective actions following correspondence with the coordinator.	
9.4.4.4 Coordinators should communicate any actions taken by them against airlines or other aircraft operators to the airport managing body and other	
stakeholders (ideally through the Slot Performance Committee).	

WSG Strategic Review	THE COORDINATION COMMITTEE AND SLOT MONITORING	
Keview	 9.5.1. The Coordination Committee 9.5.1.1 The Coordination Committee is established at a Level 3 airport to advise the coordinator on matters relating to capacity, slot allocation, and monitoring the use of slots at the airport. Sub-groups of the Coordination Committee, such as a Slot Performance Committee, can be used to focus on specific functions of the Coordination Committee, or specific relevant topics. 9.5.1.2 Certain tasks of the Coordination Committee relate to slot monitoring. These are to: a) Mediate in case of complaints from airlines or other aircraft operators related to slot allocation or slot monitoring which cannot be resolved between the airline or other aircraft operator and the coordinator in a mutually agreeable way; b) Oversee the activities of the sub-groups of 	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2019/2020
	the Coordination Committee, such as a SlotPerformance Committee, where these exist; andc)Advise the coordinator on methods of slotmonitoring, where a Slot Performance Committee	season
	does not exist.	
	9.5.2. The Slot Performance Committee	
	 9.5.2.1 A Slot Performance Committee should be established as a possible sub-group of the Coordination Committee at Level 3 airports. The role of the Slot Performance Committee shall be performed by the Coordination Committee if a Slot Performance Committee is not established. 9.5.2.2 The Slot Performance Committee's objective is to advise the coordinator on any slot monitoring issues, with the objective of improving punctuality and reducing slot misuse. The Slot Performance 	
	Committee shall also guarantee a fair judgment of potential slot misuse.	
	<u>9.5.2.3 The principal tasks of the Slot Performance</u> <u>Committee are to:</u>	
	a) Determine trends that could lead to potential slot misuse at the airport, and where appropriate recommend corrective actions;	
	b)Identify and set goals within the SlotPerformance Committee to address these trends, in order to enhance the performance and effective utilization of available airport capacity;c)Provide guidance and advice to the coordinator on any matters related to slot misuse;	
	•	Review MONITORING 9.5.1. The Coordination Committee 9.5.1.1 The Coordination Committee is established at a Level 3 airport to advise the coordinator on matters relating to capacity, slot allocation, and monitoring the use of slots at the airport. Sub-groups of the Coordination Committee, such as a Slot Performance Committee, can be used to focus on specific functions of the Coordination Committee, or specific functions of the Coordination Committee, or specific relevant topics. 9.5.1.2 Certain tasks of the Coordination Committee relate to slot monitoring. These are to: a) Mediate in case of complaints from airlines or other aircraft operators related to slot allocation or slot monitoring which cannot be resolved between the airline or other aircraft operator and the coordinator in a mutually agreeable way; b) Oversee the activities of the sub-groups of the Coordination Committee, where these exist; and c) Advise the coordinator on methods of slot monitoring, where a Slot Performance Committee does not exist. 9.5.2. The Slot Performance Committee 9.5.2.1 A Slot Performance Committee should be established as a possible sub-group of the Coordination Committee is not established. 9.5.2.2 The Slot Performance Committee's objective is to advise the coordinator on any slot monitoring issues, with the objective of improving punctuality and reducing slot misuse. The Slot Performance Committee is objective is to advise the coordinator on any slot monitoring issues, with the objective of improving punctuality and reducing slot misuse. The Slot Performance Committee are to: a) Determine trends that could lead to potential slot misuse at the airport, and where appropriate recomment

d)Establish, if required, a working group or other dispute resolution mechanism to mediate between the coordinator and an airline or aircraft operator where differences of interpretation on slot misuse exist; ande)Subject to applicable law, to make available upon request any information disclosed within the Slot Performance Committee to all airlines and other aircraft operators using the airport, and to permit their representatives as observers to Slot Performance Committee meetings.	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2019/2020 season
The Slot Performance Committee does not replace the function of slot monitoring activities performed by the coordinator.	
 9.5.2.4 Only matters related to slot performance may be discussed during Slot Performance Committee meetings, and due consideration should be given to applicable competition laws (following consultation with legal counsel, if necessary). Attendees should not divulge any competitively sensitive information at such meetings. By way of non-exhaustive example, attendees should not share information regarding pricing, costs, route schedules, route changes, aircraft capacity, use of a particular aircraft type or a particular aircraft on a route, or any information regarding an airline's commercial strategy. To the extent that an airline or other aircraft operator facing a hearing needs to convey such information to the coordinator, the other attendees should be warned at the beginning of the hearing so that arrangements can be made for any other attendees present to leave the meeting while such matters are discussed. 9.5.2.5 Membership of the Slot Performance Committee should include (but not necessarily be limited to): 	
a)The airport managing body;b)Representatives with scheduling expertisefrom two or three airlines or other aircraft operatorsthat best represent the traffic mix at the airport, to beselected by the airlines or other aircraft operatorsserving the airport;	
c)The coordinator, as an advisor; andd)An ATC representative.9.5.2.6The members of the Slot PerformanceCommittee need not be members of the CoordinationCommittee. Members of the Slot PerformanceCommittee shall have the necessary knowledge,expertise, and mandates to serve on the Slot	
Performance Committee and to actively contribute to its discussions.	

		9.5.2.7 The chairperson (and vice-chairperson, if any)	
		and secretary of the Slot Performance Committee	
		should be appointed by the airport managing body.	
		9.5.2.8 Meetings of the Slot Performance Committee	
		shall be held as required, typically on a quarterly	
		basis.	
		9.5.2.9 Descriptions of the problems discussed by	
		the Slot Performance Committee should be published	
		following its meetings.	
		9.5.2.10 Complaints regarding the functioning	
		of or the advice issued by the Slot Performance	
		Committee shall be directed in the first instance to	
		the board of the Coordination Committee.	
		The coordination parameters should <u>must</u> be	
10.3.1	WSG Strategic	provided by the airport managing body or other	1 August 2019
	Review	competent body to the coordinator or facilitator at	
		least well in advance of each IATA season but no later	
		than 7 days before the Initial Submission Deadline for	
		each SC.	
		Coordinators and facilitators must make the following	
10.3.2	WSG Strategic	information available to the airport managing body	1 August 2019
	Review	and to all airlines operating or planning to operate at	-
	Keview	the airports they coordinate:	
		a) The appreciation peromotors for the payt appear	
		a) The coordination parameters for the next season, for including all constrained components of an	
		airport's infrastructure, functional limitations at the	
		airport such as runways, taxiways, aircraft parking	
		stands, gates runway, terminal capacity (check-in,	
		security, baggage reclaim, etc.), airspace, and	
		environmental constraints (for example, night	
		restrictions-and	
		b) The actual utilization of declared capacity and how	
		full or close to full the airport is on <u>using</u> a typical busy week of the most recent summer and winter seasons.	
		previous equivalent season. This data should be as	
		detailed as possible to illustrate in graphic form the	
		detailed schedule limitations at the airport for each	
		coordination parameter and indicate which hours may	
		or may not be congested or full. indicating where	
		capacity is full or available.	
10.3.4	WSG Strategic	If an airline plans a significant increase in operations	1 August 2010
10.3.4	waa anategic	at a Level 2 or Level 3 airport, then it should first discuss its plans with the coordinator or facilitator in	1 August 2019
	Review	advance of its Initial Submissions initial submissions.	
		Airlines are also encouraged to inform the airport	
		managing body, where appropriate.	

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10.6	WSG Strategic	<u>Communication Of Business Plans Between Airlines,</u> <u>Airport Managing Body, And Coordinator</u>	
	Review	10.6.1 In addition to formally applying for slots at a Level 3 airport, each airline should also have the opportunity to explain to the coordinator its operational constraints, business priorities, and plan for that airport, to assist the coordinator in obtaining a holistic view of the airline's slot requests. In return, the coordinator may give the airline advice with respect to how the available capacity and potential allocation of slots may impact its plans. This opportunity should occur before the Initial Submission Deadline. The information provided to the coordinator by the airline might include confidential information and therefore the coordinator shall not share that information to any other party, unless specifically authorized by the airline.	
		10.6.2 Likewise, the airport managing body of any Level 3 airport should also have the opportunity to explain to the coordinator the business and expansion plans of its airport, to assist the coordinator in obtaining a holistic view of how the available capacity may be allocated and impact these plans. This opportunity should occur before the Initial Submission Deadline. The details of the business plan conveyed to the coordinator by the airport managing body might include confidential information and therefore the coordinator shall not share that information with any other party, unless specifically authorized by the airport managing body.	1 August 2019
		10.6.3 This exchange of information is solely to assist the coordinator in understanding the impact of allocation on the various business plans of airlines and the airport managing body and must be done without compromising the independence of the coordinator. All discussions should in principle take place prior to initial coordination, to allow the coordinator to complete this task without distraction or influence. The coordinator must continue to apply the primary and secondary criteria of 8.3 and 8.4 in a neutral, transparent, and non-discriminatory manner. The coordinator shall not disclose the competitively sensitive information it receives from airlines or airport managing bodies with other airlines or airport managing bodies. No party shall act in any way contrary to applicable competition or other laws.	

10.11.2	WSG Strategic Review	During the post SAL period, coordinators and facilitators may enter into dialogue with any airline regarding its requirements provided the coordinator or facilitator ensures that:	1 August 2019
		a) SALs have been distributed to all airlines serving the airport;	
		 b) data is available to all airlines as specified in 9.9 10.10.6; 	
		c) fair and equal treatment is provided to all airlines serving the airport; and	
		 slots are allocated in accordance with the priorities outlined in 8.3 and 8.4 and in accordance with the waitlist described in 9.14 10.15 at all times. 	
11	WSG Strategic Review	<u>TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS</u> <u>Coordination Committee:</u> a committee established at	Effective starting with
		a Level 3 airport to advise the coordinator on matters relating to capacity, slot allocation and monitoring the use of slots at the airport. <u>Any references to a</u> <u>Coordination Committee in these guidelines also</u> <u>apply to any sub-group that the Coordination</u> <u>Committee may have created to address the relevant</u> <u>matters.</u>	the coordination of the Winter 2019/2020 season
11	WSG Strategic Review	Coordination Parameters : the operational limits of all technical, operational maximum capacity available for allocation at an airport considering the functional limitations at the airport such as runway, apron, terminal, airspace, and environmental factors at restrictions declared by the airport or other competent body.	1 August 2019
11	WSG Strategic Review	New Entrant : an airline requesting a series of slots at an airport on any day where, if the airline's request were accepted, it would hold fewer than 5 <u>7</u> slots at that airport on that day. <u>In other words, an airline</u> <u>could schedule 3 rotations per day (3 arrivals and 3</u> <u>departures, requiring 6 slots) as a new entrant.</u>	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season
11	WSG Strategic Review	Slot Performance Committee: a possible sub- committee group of the Coordination Committee formed to advise the coordinator on methods of slot monitoring issues, with the objective of improving punctuality and combating slot misuse. If a Slot Performance Committee has not been created, the references in these guidelines to a Slot Performance Committee shall instead apply to the relevant Coordination Committee.	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2019/2020 season

11	WSG Strategic Review	Slot Pool (or Pool) : the slots available at a Level 3 airport <u>at initial allocation</u> after historic slots and changes to <u>unchanged</u> historic slots are allocated, including any newly created slots.	Effective starting with the coordination of the Winter 2020/2021 season
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Summary of changes implemented in WASG 1

1. Additional Criteria for initial slot allocation, WSG article 8.4.1

The additional criteria are amended to ensure clarity and some new criteria added allowing additional factors to be considered. Key changes to the Additional Criteria include: clarification that the coordinator should not simply allocate slots in proportion to the current slot holding of airlines requesting slots; a new criteria for 'Connectivity' to be taken into account; clarification that 'Competition' means not only new routes and services, but also additional services on existing routes; and a new criteria for the 'Environment' factors to be considered.

2. Changes to the timelines for providing the coordination parameters, WSG section 10.3

Importantly the coordination parameters should be provided to the coordinator or facilitator by the airport managing body as soon as they are declared at least 14 days and not later than 7 days before the Initial Submission Deadline. Coordination parameters and utilization data should be made available to the airlines well in advance, and as soon as possible and at least 14 days and not later than 7 days before of the initial submission deadline.

SECTION	TYPE OF CHANGE	AMENDMENT	EFFECTIVE
8.4.1	WSG Strategic Review	When slots cannot be allocated using the primary criteria as set out in 8.3 above, <u>coordinators should</u> <u>not simply allocate the remaining slots pro-rata</u> <u>among all requesting airlines. Instead</u> , consideration should be given to the following factors (in no particular order) <u>to determine which of the competing</u> <u>requests should be allocated a slot:</u>	1 April 2020
8.4.1 a	WSG Strategic Review	Effective Period of Operation: <u>Whether an airline's</u> The schedule that will be effective for a longer period of operation in the same season should have priority <u>than other competing requests.</u>	1 April 2020
8.4.1 b	WSG Strategic Review	Operational Factors-Curfews: When operational factors (such as curfew) a curfew at one airport creates a slot problem elsewhere, thereby constraining an airline's schedule. priority should be given to the airline whose schedule is constrained by the curfew.	1 April 2020
8.4.1 c	WSG Strategic Review	Time Spent on Waitlist: <u>Whether an airline's request</u> Requests that have <u>has</u> been pending on the waitlist <u>longer than competing requests</u> . should have priority over more recent requests.	1 April 2020
8.4.1 d	WSG Strategic Review	Type of <u>Consumer</u> Service and Market: The balance of the different types of services (scheduled, charter, and cargo) and markets (domestic, regional, and long haul, <u>and leisure or business</u>), and the development of the airport route network should be considered.	1 April 2020
8.4.1 e	WSG Strategic Review	<u>Connectivity: Coordinators should try to ensure that</u> <u>due account is taken of the development of the</u> <u>specific airport route network and connectivity to</u> <u>meet the needs of passengers and shippers.</u>	1 April 2020
8.4.1 f	WSG Strategic Review	Competition: Coordinators should try to ensure that due account is taken of competitive factors in the allocation of available slots. <u>These factors could</u> <u>include the addition and development of a new route</u> <u>or competition on an existing route.</u>	1 April 2020
8.4.1 g	WSG Strategic Review	Requirements of the Travelling Public and Other Users: Coordinators should try to ensure that the needs of the travelling public and shippers are met as far as possible.	1 April 2020
		Environment: Coordinators should try to ensure that due account is taken of environmental factors in the allocation of available slots.	

8.4.1 h	WSG Strategic Review	Frequency of Operation: Higher frequency such as more flights per week should not in itself imply higher priority for slot allocation.	1 April 2020
10.3.1	WSG Strategic Review	The coordination parameters must be provided by the airport managing body or other competent body to the coordinator or facilitator well in advance of each IATA <u>scheduling</u> season <u>as soon as possible</u> <u>and at least 14 days and but and not later than 7 days</u> before the Initial Submission Deadline.	1 April 2020
10.3.2	WSG Strategic Review	Coordinators and facilitators must make the following information available to all airlines operating or planning to operate at the airports they coordinate, <u>as</u> <u>soon as possible and at least 14 days and not later</u> <u>than 7 days before the initial submission deadline:</u>	1 April 2020
10.7.3	WSG Strategic Review	Before airlines send their submission, they should be aware of the coordination parameters and utilization data provided by coordinators and facilitators. If airlines do not have up-to-date coordination parameters and utilization data, they should obtain it from the coordinator or facilitator well in advance, <u>and as soon as possible and at least 14 days and not later</u> <u>than 7 days before</u> of the Initial Submission Deadline.	1 April 2020